

WEATHER FORECAST.
Showers tonight and Tuesday;
cooler Tuesday in north portion.

THE NEWARK ADVOCATE

BUY U. S. S.
SAVE FOR VICTORY

VOLUME 94—NUMBER 80

NEWARK, OHIO, MONDAY EVENING, MAY 6, 1918

TEN CENTS A WEEK

TRICKINESS OF ENEMY AIRMEN IS DISCOVERED

Resort to Marking Their
Machines to Resemble
Allied Planes

AMERICAN FLIERS THUS FEAR ATTACKING PROBABLE FRIEND

Uncle Sam's Aviators Await
Turns For Chance at
Huns

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
With the American Army in France, Friday, May 3.—German aviators are now resorting to unsportsmanlike tricks in an endeavor to outwit American fliers. The trickiness of the German soldier afoot is emulated by enemy airmen who are marking their machines to make them look as much like allied markings as possible. Germans have taken to rounding off the corners of the cross on the wings of their planes to make them look like allied badges. The game of the German airmen is to play around, get in a shot if he can, and then run. American fliers for fear of attacking a probable friend, must get up close to an enemy machine, usually after considerable maneuvering before opening a fight.

Here is what happens at an air-drome to which Americans are attached when an alarm comes in. The telephone bell rings at the hangar and the location of the enemy is repeated in a loud voice by the sergeant. A number of young Americans, overalled, helmeted and booted, swing into their machines, the propellers are turned over and one after another the machines dash across the field. They take the air quickly and in less than five minutes from the time the bell rings the airplanes look like mosquitos in the sky.

In three quarters of an hour they are back again and compare notes. "Did you see anything?" one yells to another.

"One-Hun way back in Germany," comes the reply.

"What were those three machines north of us?" is the next question.

"They looked like French but you never know," was the answer on this particular occasion. Then the Americans climb out and sit around and wait for the end of their turn of duty or for another alarm. The weather is getting warm now but in the air it is still cold so the pilots still must wear heavy clothing.

The airmen usually sit around perspiring rather than waste a second should a hurry up call come. The American airmen are using the same machine guns which have been found most effective by the Anglo-French army. Some Americans are completing their training in flying in formation on patrol in fast chasers, while others are learning observation and photograph work.

The photographing machines are getting full opportunity to work freely, for the same youths who go out on the alert calls take turns in protecting the photographers while they are at work. And while the men in the machines taking pictures desire to be let alone their protectors in fast chasing planes hope that they will not be for if a Boche comes near that gives the fighting airmen a chance for which they are awaiting.

MRS. POTTER PALMER, NOTED SOCIAL LEADER, IS DEAD IN FLORIDA

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
Sarasota, Fla., May 6.—Mrs. Potter Palmer, of Chicago, is dead at her winter home here.

Mrs. Palmer, who was born in Louisville and was the widow of Potter Palmer of Chicago, where she was a social leader, had been in ill health some time. Several days ago her family was summoned and medical specialists came here from the north. She died last night of pneumonia.

The body will be taken to Chicago for burial, leaving here tomorrow.

During the Chicago international exposition Mrs. Palmer was president of the board of women managers and visited Europe for the purpose of interesting foreign governments. Later she was appointed by the president of the United States as the only woman member of the American commission to the Paris exposition. She was the possessor of a membership in the Legion of Honor awarded by the French government.

For years Mrs. Palmer had spent her winters at her home here, which is considered one of the most beautiful in Florida.

AN OFFICIAL DENIAL

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
Moscow, Sunday, April 28.—Official denial has been made by Ambassador Ureda to the Russian foreign office to rumors that the Japanese are placing machine guns in Vladivostok and are arranging to increase their forces there.

LUCK AGAINST THE GERMANS ON FLANDERS FRONT

Heavy Rain and Allied Operations Prevent Another Assault

ALLIED GUNNERS PLAY HAVOC WITH GERMAN PREPARATIONS

British and French Both
Make Number of Advances

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
With the British Army in France, Sunday, May 5.—Luck seems to be going against the Germans along the crucial northern battle front. Sunday still found the Prussian commanders working desperately to whip their organizations into shape for a renewal of the delayed offensive, while the allied forces aided by the weather continued counter operations which are most disconcerting to an enemy playing against time.

It was quite apparent the Germans intended another assault in the Flanders yesterday but the arrangements were upset by a combination of events. There were the allied operations and the heavy rain which converted the ground into mud flats over which it was difficult to move either infantry or artillery. There also was confusion arising from wholesale retreats and the arrival of strange troops in the German area.

The allied artillery has been maintaining an increased bombardment of enemy territory and Friday night before the projected German attack the French and British gunners played havoc with the German preparations. The allied troops also have been carrying local operations which improved their lines and upset enemy schemes.

Yesterday the allies occupied a large number of important positions at various points along the front of 4,000 yards west of Kemmel. The British also made an advance of 500 yards along the front of 1,000 yards northwest of Locon, thereby gaining a number of positions which had been contested many days ago. This morning the Germans tried to regain some of these positions but were repulsed. An enemy attack yesterday morning in the Locon area under cover of a heavy barrage likewise was smashed.

On the southern battlefield the British last night near Sully-Le-Sec advanced their line in a minor operation with out casualties. The German prisoners taken in all these local engagements made a considerable total.

The spirit of the allied troops remains at the highest pitch. They know that every day's delay is in itself a victory for them. Each twenty-four hours that slips by makes America loom larger on the horizon and brings the much needed overseas troops nearer the battle lines.

The Tommies and Poles are fighting. (Continued on Page 2, Col. 1.)

WILL DISCUSS FINANCING OF OHIO SCHOOLS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
Columbus, May 6.—Methods of more adequately financing Ohio schools, through new legislation or otherwise, will be discussed at a meeting of boards of education of the state here beginning tomorrow evening and ending Wednesday noon.

The convention is called at the suggestion of the Cleveland board. Educational bodies of other cities and counties are co-operating. Those behind the meeting point to the statement of State Auditor Donahay that 1500 schools in Ohio are forced to close their doors two months before the end of the term this year on account of deficient funds.

It is expected that a modification of the Smith one per cent tax law and an increased allowance per each enumerated youth from the state will be demanded at the convention.

The closing feature will be a luncheon to the visitors by the chamber of commerce. Mark Thompson, president of the Cleveland board of education will be the principal speaker at the luncheon.

GERMAN PROMISES MADE TO HOLLAND

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
The Hague, Sunday, May 5.—In announcing to the Dutch chamber of commerce an agreement, Foreign Minister London explained the settlement of the German demand for transport over the Dutch railway by way of Roermond.

Germany, he said, had agreed to exclude from transport airplanes, arms and munitions, while there never had been any question of the transport of troops.

The foreign minister said Germany had undertaken to limit sand and gravel sent through Dutch waterways to a maximum of 1,000,000 tons and had promised not to use the material for military purposes.

NIGHT AND DAY IN THE VICINITY OF NO MAN'S LAND



Shells bursting over barbed wired battlefields and British bringing in wounded comrade.

There is something almost beautiful about the battlefield at night. The shells bursting in air afford a more splendid and a more awful spectacle than any Fourth of July fireworks Americans have ever seen in their own country. But in the daytime, as the lower photo shows, the battlefield presents a scene of ugliness and dissolution. In the photo, taken on the Ypres front, British soldiers are seen bringing back a wounded comrade after a successful trench raid.

PREDICT IRISH WILL DEFEAT THE CONSCRIPTION BILL

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
London, May 6.—Anti-conscription speeches were made from the same platform by John Dillon, Nationalist leader and Prof. Edward De Valera, head of the Sinn Fein, yesterday at Ballaghaderreen in Dillon's constituency of East Mayo. Good humor and enthusiasm characterized the demonstration, attended by 15,000 persons.

Mr. Dillon said that if the Irish kept united and determined for another two weeks they would defeat conscription and it was an atrocious form of oppression to try to compel a people to fight for a country not their own. He personally opposed conscription whether in Great Britain or Ireland, especially when it was not to defend the soil of Great Britain but to send huge armies to the continent.

He earnestly appealed for a spirit of frank and friendly co-operation throughout Ireland. Without this, unity was impossible.

The Nationalist and Sinn Fein, he said, actually agreed that the whole struggle for Ireland's rights was based on the principle of her rights as a nation. There was an impression in the country that all danger was over. This was a terribly false impression. There was no question that the government had been staggered and no longer was so confident about the practicability of its policy as professed when the bill was introduced.

The Nationalist leader declared he was convinced it would take an army such as England could ill spare to carry out successfully conscription in Ireland.

He was also convinced that the government would split on the Irish rock and instead of destroying the Irish nation, the Irish would destroy them.

Professor de Valera said his followers would unite with those of Mr. Dillon to defeat conscription.

CONDEMNS CONDUCT OF GERMAN TROOPS IN THE UKRAINE

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
Zurich, Switzerland, May 6.—German and Austrian conduct in the Ukraine is condemned by the Arbeiter Zeitung of Vienna, which foresees further complications as a result.

The Ukrainian people, it says, will not regard the occupying troops as liberators from Russian domination but as armed forces establishing a military regime in order to requisition foodstuffs for the central power. The Germans and Austrians will be as much beloved by the Ukrainians as they are by the Letts, Poles, Estonians and Lithuanians.

The sentiment in that country will be strengthened and the separation of the Ukraine from Russia will last only as long as the Austro-German troops remain there.

LEADS BRITISH ARMY AT YPRES



Gen. H. S. Horne.

General Horne is in command of one of the British armies that have been meeting the brunt of the German attack around Ypres. While his army has given some ground he has made the Germans pay with a dead body for every inch taken.

STATEMENT OF THE BERLIN WAR OFFICE

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
Berlin, Sunday, May 5, via London. Repulse of Anglo-French attacks on the Flanders battle front is reported in the official announcement by the war office today. More than 300 prisoners are reported captured in the fighting. Increased artillery activity south of the Somme is announced in the statement which reads:

"After the strongest artillery preparations French divisions attacked our position on Kemmel hill and near Baillet, unsuccessfully. They were repulsed with heavy losses and left over 100 prisoners in our hands. An intended attack by the English division west of Baillet failed to develop in consequence of our fire."

"South of Houthurne (North of the Somme), strong British thrusts failed. The battle front on both sides of the Somme saw a revival of artillery activity in the evening. It increased, especially near Villers, Bretonneux and on the west bank of the Aisne."

FIRE DESTROYS DAIRY

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
Cleveland, May 6.—Fire early this morning destroyed the Cleveland dairy plant of the Telling-Belle Vernon Milk Co., causing a loss estimated at more than \$20,000.

CLAIM RECRUITING LABOR DISRUPTING WORK ON THE FARMS

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
Washington, May 6.—Complaints of disruption of farm work and operation of essential industries by indiscriminate recruiting of labor by private contractors working for the war department which has caused much dissension in the southern states, are now reaching the federal employment service from the northern states, it was announced today. Telegrams were received from employment directors in Ohio stating that war department contractors in West Virginia were coming into Ohio and recruiting workers. The employment service also was advised that several labor recruiters have been arrested at Chattanooga for violating the Tennessee laws restricting recruiting of labor.

USE DOUBLE DECK TRUCK TO HAUL MILK FROM FARM

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
Columbus, May 6.—Milk from the London, O., prison farm for four state institutions here, beginning today, is being transported by means of a double-deck truck instead of by railroad, thereby netting a considerable saving, according to State Veterinarian T. E. Burnett.

According to Mr. Burnett the herd at London farm produces an average of 500 gallons of milk a day, 400 gallons of which are shipped for consumption at the penitentiary. Columbus State hospital, School for the Deaf and School for the Blind.

Cost of shipping heretofore has been about \$2000 a year, he said.

NEW PUBLICITY POLICY ADOPTED BY GOVERNMENT

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
Washington, May 6.—The war department's weekly review of the military situation has been abandoned and announcement of Secretary Baker's new plan for furnishing the nation with adequate and authentic news of American troops in France is expected shortly.

In making known its intention to abandon the review the war department explained last night that the new publicity policy was nearing completion, but did not indicate the form the communique would take. It is believed, however, an officially daily summary dealing almost exclusively with the activities of American troops would be given out.

ASK BILLION APPROPRIATION FOR AIRCRAFT

Congress to Make a Thorough Investigation of Aviation Work

HEAD AIRCRAFT PRODUCTION TESTIFIES BEFORE COMMITTEE

Charge That There Has
Been Graft in Production of Planes

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
Washington, May 6.—A billion dollar appropriation for aircraft production was asked of congress today by the war department. This would add to the \$640,000,000 appropriation already made and expended.

In taking up a re-draft of the army appropriation bill carrying \$15,000,000,000 to provide for 3,000,000 men during the coming year the house military committee today indicated an intention to make a careful investigation of ordnance and aviation work.

Although members did not appear inclined to oppose any appropriation essential to a successful prosecution of the war many wanted to know what has been done with appropriations already made. Some opposition was expected to the administration's plan to limit the armed forces only to capacity for equipping, training and transporting them.

John D. Ryan, newly appointed head of aircraft production and others connected with the airplane work were called to testify and Secretary Baker assured the committee that war department witnesses would be ready to furnish all the information the committee desired.

A department of justice investigation of the charges of graft in aircraft production made by Guston Borglum, the sculptor, was ordered today by President Wilson.

Borglum's charges of pro-German influence also will be investigated. Demand for a criminal investigation was made in the senate recently.

The aircraft situation has brought repeated charges of inefficiency on the part of those in charge of it and demands for an inquiry prompted President Wilson to name an investigating commission headed by Snowden Marshall. About the same time the president authorized Borglum's report never was made public.

Normally, although enough of its contents became known to show that the sculptor had made charges against those in control and had alleged there was graft in production of planes. The senate became so stirred over the situation that it demanded a criminal investigation and in debate on the subject senators asked that the senate military committee renew its inquiry with a view to learning if criminal prosecutions should be brought. A majority report by the committee some weeks ago charged that government officials had kept the public in ignorance of the real state of affairs and recommended a one man aircraft control. Subsequently President Wilson put John D. Ryan in charge of production.

Investigation by the department of justice was asked of the president by Howard Coffin, formerly chairman of the senate committee, who declared he requested it that the reputation of innocent men might not be ruined by charges that have been made.

At the same time the order for investigation was announced President Wilson's correspondence with Guston Borglum, the sculptor who made an investigation of the aircraft production situation was given out at the White House. It disclosed that the president never considered him an official investigator and practically disposed of his services.

Mr. Coffin sent the following telegram to the president Saturday from his place in Georgia:

"Charges of dishonesty have been made against the aircraft board which demand the fullest inquiry. I request and urge that an official inquiry be had in order that the reputation of innocent men may not be ruined."

President Wilson telegraphed him today as follows:

"Your telegram received. You may be sure I shall co-operate in every way to prevent what you rightly foresee may happen. The department will look into it."

CLEVELAND PASSES LIBERTY LOAN QUOTA

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
Cleveland, May 6.—Revised figures today put Cleveland's total in the third liberty loan campaign at \$56,549,358. The city's quota was \$55,000,000.

A revision of figures for the fourth federal reserve district put the total at \$279,131,750. The district quota was \$200,000,000.

Here is the way the six areas in the Cleveland district stood today under the revision:

Pittsburgh area, \$150,179,230.
Cleveland area, \$108,806,750.
Cincinnati area, \$62,286,540.
Toledo area, \$28,958,300.
Columbus area, \$15,500,700.
Lexington area, \$13,000,000.

BRITISH LINE ADVANCED ON SOMME FRONT

Positions On Southern Leg of Lys Salient is Improved

TONS OF BOMBS DROPPED ON STRONGHOLDS OF GERMANS

Hun Prisoners, Machine Guns and Trench Mortar Captured

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
London, May 6.—The British line has been advanced on a considerable front between the Somme and Ancre rivers, west-southwest of Morlancourt, says the official statement from Field Marshal Haig's headquarters today.

The British positions in the neighborhood of Locon and the Lave river on the southern leg of the Lys salient in Flanders have been improved as the result of local fighting.

The official statement on aerial activity issued tonight by the war office reads:

"There was a dense mist Saturday evening when reconnaissance was possible. Nine tons of bombs were dropped on the Chaulnes railway junction and on Bapaume, Arrandieres, Merville and Estaires."

"There was very little air fighting. One hostile machine was brought down by our aviators and four others were disabled. Two of our machines are missing. Two of our machines missing since May 3 have since returned."

"After dark, although conditions were still unfavorable, more than three tons of bombs were dropped on the Chaulnes railway junction and on Bapaume. All our machines returned."

"On the remainder of the front the situation is unchanged."

"A successful minor operation was carried out by us last night between the Somme and Ancre rivers, west-southwest of Morlancourt. Our line in this locality has been advanced on a considerable front in spite of strong opposition from the enemy. Prisoners were heavy. Over 150 prisoners, two machine guns and a trench mortar were captured by our troops. Our own casualties were slight."

"Local fighting took place last night to our advantage in the neighborhood of Locon and the Lave river. Our positions in this locality have been improved."

"On the remainder of the front the situation is unchanged."

GERMAN COUNTER ATTACKS UNSUCCESSFUL

(Compiled from P. Dispatches)
Germany has not yet taken up the offensive in the west and probably another effort against the allied armies is held in abeyance to be made simultaneously with the heralded Austro-Hungarian drive against the Italians.

In preparation for further enemy attacks on the Flanders battlefield the British and French have been improving their positions in local operations. The Locon and Drancourt have advanced their line 500 yards on a front of one thousand yards, gaining positions which strengthen the import section of the front between Scherpenberg and Mont Rouge. German counter-attacks were repulsed with loss. Berlin reporting on the same fighting, attempts to make out the attacks were made in large force. It says they were repulsed. (Continued on Page 2, Col. 2.)

GERMAN AMERICAN ALLIANCE GIVES UP ITS STATE CHARTER

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
Columbus, May 6.—The German-American Alliance of Cincinnati today filed a certificate with Secretary of State W. D. Fulton asking for a dissolution of its charter, granted by the state. Last week the Ohio anti-saloon league asked Attorney General McHugh to bring court action to dissolve the alliance's charter and McHugh announced he would instigate such action within a few days unless the alliance asked for a revocation of its charter, as it did today.

The anti-saloon league asked that the alliance be dissolved, alleging that its charter showed it was organized for the purpose of spreading German ideals.

WILL VOTE ON STRIKE ISSUE.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)
Toledo, May 6.—Street car men, at a special meeting at midnight, will vote on the question of declaring a strike. As an alternative, they will consider a tentative proposal to accept a wage increase of six cents an hour instead of ten cents, which they have demanded. The company has indicated that the six cent concession will be made on the basis of eleven tickets for fifty cents instead of six car tickets for a quarter, the prevailing rate. Mayor Schreiber has announced that he will recommend permitting fare increases to this extent on a "gentlemen's agreement" without legislation by the city council.

LUCK AGAINST THE GERMANS ON FLANDERS FRONT

(Continued from Page 1.)

ing gallantly and dying willingly because they know their sacrifice will not be in vain since the United States will insure victory a little later.

Interesting comments by German civilians have been furnished from an enemy mail bag captured by the British on a section of the Flanders front. Almost without exception references are made in the letters to the stoppage of leaves and the parcel post of the front. The tone is resigned rather than recalcitrant. One letter from Berlin, dated April 25 said:

"Peace does not seem to be coming along as we fondly hoped. All this in the west is too wicked for anything. Four years of it now and no sign of the end. We hope every day it will come to a decision and that the British will be driven into the North sea, but they stand firm."

"We have such a scarcity of shoes in Ettlingen, and it is impossible to get them. If there are any in Belgium please send me a pair," says a letter dated in Ettlingen on April 26.

"Are you not coming home on leave soon? How much longer is it going to last?" reads a third letter.

A note from Rhumstringe, dated April 23 says:

"The mustering of the 1920 class took place here last Friday. Most of them were accepted."

Further details are now available from various sources regarding the new German tanks, several of which made such a poor showing at Villers-Bretonneux on April 24.—The machine weighs 45 tons and is so unwieldy it is unable to negotiate broad trenches and cannot move over ground torn heavily by shells. The tank is pointed at both ends. It is approximately 23 feet long, 9 1/2 feet wide and eleven feet high. The armor is of poor quality of steel and varies in thickness up to thirty millimetres. A direct artillery hit will put one out of action and they are also vulnerable to machine gun and rifle fire at various points. The armament consists of a 2 inch gun forward, which fires high explosives and case shot; six heavy machine guns, two on each side and two in the rear. It is equipped with two 100-horse power four-cylinder petrol valve engines with an electric starter and one man can control and drive it easily. Its top speed on good ground is ten miles an hour.

A crew of nineteen men is carried, consisting of one officer, three gunners for the forward gun, two drivers, two mechanics, ten machine gunners and one signal man.

The drivers and mechanics are volunteers for motor transport units and the gunners are drawn from the artillery and infantry. These volunteers from motor transport and rations.

There is slight cohesion among the crews which have had little training. The tanks appear to have been hurried out of the works and used as soon as possible. Their operators have no training with infantry, as was quite apparent at Villers-Bretonneux.

Prior to the appearance of these tanks south of the Somme, Field Marshal von Hindenburg inspected some of them at Charleroi. One was taken out for a trial and got ditched in a trench. The field marshal said he did not think the tanks would be of much use but since they had been made they had better be given a trial. This naturally did not improve the morale of the tank corps and later when two of the machines got into trouble at Villers-Bretonneux.

According to Miss Mary Roberts, attached to the Lake Division, American Red Cross more than fifteen thousand American nurses are in service abroad and to fill the vacancies, young women who are fitted for nursing should begin training at once.

Because of the war entertainment for the delegates to the convention has been practically eliminated from the program.

You never can tell. Many a soldier croaks a German who has never even killed a snake.

Read the Want Ads tonight.

Fill Up the Family Coal Bin Early Is Advice of The Fuel Administration

The American Housewife Is Asked to Help Win the War Via the Coal Route.

She is adept at knitting; she makes excellent war bread; she is collecting war savings stamps and buying Liberty Bonds and she has been so successful in all of these that the American housewife is asked to help her Government win the war through another channel—via the coal route.

Since grandmother can remember it has been the family custom to lay in the winter's supply of coal early in the summer. But neither grandmother, mother nor any other living person has passed through such a critical war period. With high prices attaching themselves to every household necessity and the daily operation of the home costing so much more than ever before in our memory, it will be a temptation for every housewife to neglect the other necessities of daily life and postpone

the buying of coal until the family actually feels the need of it.

Filling the family coal-bin early is being urged by the United States Fuel Administration so as to accomplish many important things toward the early winning of the war. The American housewife is given this opportunity to assist her Government without even the exertion of leaving the home to do it and with great benefit to herself and family.

Among the practical things which she can accomplish for the war by laying in an early supply of coal are:

FIRST—Every ton bought early will permit the railroads to haul a ton of food or materials for war industries later, or will permit a ton of coal to reach waiting ships laden with

food and necessities for the fighting men in Europe.

SECOND—She will help the coal mines to provide for the needs of war industries and ammunition plants through the early winning of the war.

THIRD—She will permit the local coal dealer to lay in a reserve stock so that he may meet any unforeseen demand or emergency, such as would be caused by heavy blizzards with a consequent tie-up of traffic.

FOURTH—Housewives whose aim and desire are to economize in all directions will save in the household pocketbook at least thirty cents an every ton of anthracite last year during the summer months.

Put your coal in while the sun shines.

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

BRITISH LINE ADVANCED ON SOMME FRONT

(Continued from Page 1.)

On the southern leg of the Lys salient which is the one the Germans must attack if they wish to connect this battlefield with the one in Picardy by wiping out the Arras salient, the Germans have made no further attempts to push back the British from their gains at Hinges, earlier efforts having failed. The artillery fire continues most intense on both legs of the Lys salient and south of the Somme, in Picardy.

Further safeguarding of the southern side of the Lys salient was effected by the British last night through a local operation which resulted in the improvement of the British positions near Locon, north of Bethune.

It is on the Somme front, northeast of Amiens, however, that the most important fighting of the last 24 hours has taken place. The Australians made a dashing attack last night in the important sector, between the Ancre and Somme rivers and drove their lines ahead nearly a third of a mile on more than a mile frontage in the Morlancourt region. The attack of the Australians was so nearly carried out that they suffered only slight losses and inflicted heavy casualties on the Germans, taking 150 prisoners.

Further south in the Picardy area the French stood off successfully a German attempt at penetration. The trial was made after a heavy bombardment of the line below Hailles, south of Amiens, but the French fire effected a complete repulse of the enemy effort.

The coming of a strong push on the Italian front is heralded officially from Vienna which announces that Emperor Charles and his military advisers are now on the front. In Trentino and the Tyrol there have been large movements of enemy troops. Rome does not report any marked infantry fighting nor does Vienna but the Italian war office notes a great increase in the violence of the Austrian artillery fire especially on the Trentino front where the new attack probably will come in an effort to force the Italians from the Piave line. Aerial activity in northern Italy is intense.

Emperor Charles leaves his capital for the fighting front at a time when Austria is seething with political unrest. In Bohemia and all parts of his domains the liberals are portending against his action in dismissing parliament. It is announced in a pan-German Berlin newspaper that the German food department has taken over control of most of Bohemia "in response to the demands of the German population." Three members of the Austrian cabinet are reported to have resigned.

American troops on both the Toul and Luenville sectors have been more busy than usual with the Germans. Northwest of Toul the Germans attempted to occupy a trench formerly held by the Americans and which was evacuated a month ago. The American artillery broke up the German effort, but further activity is not expected.

East of Luenville the Germans have been driven from their front line positions by the American gun fire and a patrol has penetrated three hundred yards into the enemy lines. The Americans met a German party of seven. Three were killed and the others were taken prisoners.

Read the Want Ads tonight.

Fill Up the Family Coal Bin Early Is Advice of The Fuel Administration

The American Housewife Is Asked to Help Win the War Via the Coal Route.

She is adept at knitting; she makes excellent war bread; she is collecting war savings stamps and buying Liberty Bonds and she has been so successful in all of these that the American housewife is asked to help her Government win the war through another channel—via the coal route.

Since grandmother can remember it has been the family custom to lay in the winter's supply of coal early in the summer. But neither grandmother, mother nor any other living person has passed through such a critical war period. With high prices attaching themselves to every household necessity and the daily operation of the home costing so much more than ever before in our memory, it will be a temptation for every housewife to neglect the other necessities of daily life and postpone

the buying of coal until the family actually feels the need of it.

Filling the family coal-bin early is being urged by the United States Fuel Administration so as to accomplish many important things toward the early winning of the war. The American housewife is given this opportunity to assist her Government without even the exertion of leaving the home to do it and with great benefit to herself and family.

Among the practical things which she can accomplish for the war by laying in an early supply of coal are:

FIRST—Every ton bought early will permit the railroads to haul a ton of food or materials for war industries later, or will permit a ton of coal to reach waiting ships laden with

food and necessities for the fighting men in Europe.

SECOND—She will help the coal mines to provide for the needs of war industries and ammunition plants through the early winning of the war.

THIRD—She will permit the local coal dealer to lay in a reserve stock so that he may meet any unforeseen demand or emergency, such as would be caused by heavy blizzards with a consequent tie-up of traffic.

FOURTH—Housewives whose aim and desire are to economize in all directions will save in the household pocketbook at least thirty cents an every ton of anthracite last year during the summer months.

Put your coal in while the sun shines.

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

COAL YARD

MINIMUM PENSION OF \$25 FOR VETERANS

(Associated Press Telegram)

Washington, May 6.—The Sherwood bill granting a minimum pension of \$25 a month to civil war veterans was passed by the house today and now goes to the senate.

GERMAN ALIEN IS ARRESTED BY POLICE CHIEF

Victor Baecker, a German alien, who has not registered, was arrested at the Wehrle company on Monday morning. Baecker gave his home as Sangamon county, Ill., and is well educated. He is a draftsman by trade, and had taken out first naturalization papers in 1906 but never completed his naturalization.

The only thing found on Baecker, was a part of a page of the Pittsburgh Dispatch, which was folded to show a story telling that Secretary McAdoo had announced the Montour railroad of that district was not subject to government control. The story further continued that the road was a large coal carrying road, and that it was released from government control.

Baecker is being held for the department of justice at Columbus.

ASK BILLION APPROPRIATION FOR AIRCRAFT

(Continued from Page 1.)

ment of justice will co-operate to the utmost in seeing that all charges are proved and truth got at."

The president wrote Senator Thomas of Colorado today informing him that he had ordered the department of justice investigation following the senator's request of Friday.

"Every instrumentality at the disposal of the department of justice will be used to investigate and pursue the charges of dishonesty or malversation of any kind," wrote the president.

"Only in this way can the reputation of those whose actions have been perfectly regular and blameless be protected and the guilt, if there is any, definitely lodged where it should be lodged."

The president's correspondence with Borglum began last December when the sculptor, after having first called on Secretary Tumulty who made a report to President Wilson, received a letter from the White House saying the president was much disturbed by his views of the aircraft situation and asked him to be more specific in his criticisms.

In January the president, after conferring with Secretary Baker, invited Borglum to lay the whole matter before the war department and gave him the advantage of having a member of Secretary Baker's staff detailed to assist him in looking up facts.

Unless specifically instructed otherwise by the senate it appeared today that the military committee would not reopen its investigation.

Any information developed by the committee regarding misappropriation of funds or other criminal responsibilities, Chairman Chambers said, would be properly under jurisdiction of prosecuting committees.

Major Squire of the signal corps, according to information received by senators has demanded that the war department make an investigation of its own preferably by court martial.

CO-ORDINATION OF RED CROSS PURCHASES WITH THE GOVERNMENT

(Associated Press Telegram)

Cleveland, May 6.—Co-ordination of Red Cross purchases with those of the government has just been made possible by a ruling of the war industries board, James R. Garfield, manager of the Lake division announced today.

Hereafter all Red Cross purchases are to be made in the market under the same conditions as government purchases. The same prices and the same priority privileges will be granted both.

A telegram from the Washington Red Cross office reads: "The importance of the action taken by the war industries board may be judged from the fact that \$18,000,000 was saved on a single order placed a few days ago. The fact that Red Cross dollar and government dollar are to be on the same footing probably means a saving of millions of dollars in the aggregate because heretofore the Red Cross has been going into the open market and paying the same price for its materials as was paid by private agencies and individuals."

Commenting upon this information Mr. Garfield said:

"This does not mean that Red Cross chapters in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky will immediately be able to avail themselves of this arrangement but it does mean that chapters will be able to receive the raw materials for work room use just as soon as they are purchased by our national headquarters and shipped to the division warehouse for chapter distribution."

Cars Damaged by Fire.

A shipment of battered cars passed through the city over the Ohio Electric lines today to the Jewett Car company. The cars were there just finished about two months ago by the Jewett company for the Lake Shore railroad, and the cars were burned when the car barns near Alliance recently burned down. They are being shipped back here for repairs.

QUALITY ALWAYS—Our Policy Is Changeless

(Associated Press Telegram)

Washington, May 6.—The Sherwood bill granting a minimum pension of \$25 a month to civil war veterans was passed by the house today and now goes to the senate.

GERMAN ALIEN IS ARRESTED BY POLICE CHIEF

Victor Baecker, a German alien, who has not registered, was arrested at the Wehrle company on Monday morning. Baecker gave his home as Sangamon county, Ill., and is well educated. He is a draftsman by trade, and had taken out first naturalization papers in 1906 but never completed his naturalization.

The only thing found on Baecker, was a part of a page of the Pittsburgh Dispatch, which was folded to show a story telling that Secretary McAdoo had announced the Montour railroad of that district was not subject to government control. The story further continued that the road was a large coal carrying road, and that it was released from government control.

Baecker is being held for the department of justice at Columbus.

ASK BILLION APPROPRIATION FOR AIRCRAFT

(Continued from Page 1.)

ment of justice will co-operate to the utmost in seeing that all charges are proved and truth got at."

The president wrote Senator Thomas of Colorado today informing him that he had ordered the department of justice investigation following the senator's request of Friday.

"Every instrumentality at the disposal of the department of justice will be used to investigate and pursue the charges of dishonesty or malversation of any kind," wrote the president.

"Only in this way can the reputation of those whose actions have been perfectly regular and blameless be protected and the guilt, if there is any, definitely lodged where it should be lodged."

The president's correspondence with Borglum began last December when the sculptor, after having first called on Secretary Tumulty who made a report to President Wilson, received a letter from the White House saying the president was much disturbed by his views of the aircraft situation and asked him to be more specific in his criticisms.

In January the president, after conferring with Secretary Baker, invited Borglum to lay the whole matter before the war department and gave him the advantage of having a member of Secretary Baker's staff detailed to assist him in looking up facts.

Unless specifically instructed otherwise by the senate it appeared today that the military committee would not reopen its investigation.

Any information developed by the committee regarding misappropriation of funds or other criminal responsibilities, Chairman Chambers said, would be properly under jurisdiction of prosecuting committees.

Major Squire of the signal corps, according to information received by senators has demanded that the war department make an investigation of its own preferably by court martial.

CO-ORDINATION OF RED CROSS PURCHASES WITH THE GOVERNMENT

(Associated Press Telegram)

Cleveland, May 6.—Co-ordination of Red Cross purchases with those of the government has just been made possible by a ruling of the war industries board, James R. Garfield, manager of the Lake division announced today.

Hereafter all Red Cross purchases are to be made in the market under the same conditions as government purchases. The same prices and the same priority privileges will be granted both.

A telegram from the Washington Red Cross office reads: "The importance of the action taken by the war industries board may be judged from the fact that \$18,000,000 was saved on a single order placed a few days ago. The fact that Red Cross dollar and government dollar are to be on the same footing probably means a saving of millions of dollars in the aggregate because heretofore the Red Cross has been going into the open market and paying the same price for its materials as was paid by private agencies and individuals."

Commenting upon this information Mr. Garfield said:

"This does not mean that Red Cross chapters in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky will immediately be able to avail themselves of this arrangement but it does mean that chapters will be able to receive the raw materials for work room use just as soon as they are purchased by our national headquarters and shipped to the division warehouse for chapter distribution."

Cars Damaged by Fire.

A shipment of battered cars passed through the city over the Ohio Electric lines today to the Jewett Car company. The cars were there just finished about two months ago by the Jewett company for the Lake Shore railroad, and the cars were burned when the car barns near Alliance recently burned down. They are being shipped back here for repairs.

QUALITY ALWAYS—Our Policy Is Changeless

(Associated Press Telegram)

Washington, May 6.—The Sherwood bill granting a minimum pension of \$25 a month to civil war veterans was passed by the house today and now goes to the senate.

GERMAN ALIEN IS ARRESTED BY POLICE CHIEF

Victor Baecker, a German alien, who has not registered, was arrested at the Wehrle company on Monday morning. Baecker gave his home as Sangamon county, Ill., and is well educated. He is a draftsman by trade, and had taken out first naturalization papers in 1906 but never completed his naturalization.

The only thing found on Baecker, was a part of a page of the Pittsburgh Dispatch, which was folded to show a story telling that Secretary McAdoo had announced the Montour railroad of that district was not subject to government control. The story further continued that the road was a large coal carrying road, and that it was released from government control.

Baecker is being held for the department of justice at Columbus.

ASK BILLION APPROPRIATION FOR AIRCRAFT

(Continued from Page 1.)

ment of justice will co-operate to the utmost in seeing that all charges are proved and truth got at."

The president wrote Senator Thomas of Colorado today informing him that he had ordered the department of justice investigation following the senator's request of Friday.

"Every instrumentality at the disposal of the department of justice will be used to investigate and pursue the charges of dishonesty or malversation of any kind," wrote the president.

"Only in this way can the reputation of those whose actions have been perfectly regular and blameless be protected and the guilt, if there is any, definitely lodged where it should be lodged."

The president's correspondence with Borglum began last December when the sculptor, after having first called on Secretary Tumulty who made a report to President Wilson, received a letter from the White House saying the president was much disturbed by his views of the aircraft situation and asked him to be more specific in his criticisms.

In January the president, after conferring with Secretary Baker, invited Borglum to lay the whole matter before the war department and gave him the advantage of having a member of Secretary Baker's staff detailed to assist him in looking up facts.

Unless specifically instructed otherwise by the senate it appeared today that the military committee would not reopen its investigation.

Any information developed by the committee regarding misappropriation of funds or other criminal responsibilities, Chairman Chambers said, would be properly under jurisdiction of prosecuting committees.

Major Squire of the signal corps, according to information received by senators has demanded that the war department make an investigation of its own preferably by court martial.

CO-ORDINATION OF RED CROSS PURCHASES WITH THE GOVERNMENT

(Associated Press Telegram)

Cleveland, May 6.—Co-ordination of Red Cross purchases with those of the government has just been made possible by a ruling of the war industries board, James R. Garfield, manager of the Lake division announced today.

Hereafter all Red Cross purchases are to be made in the market under the same conditions as government purchases. The same prices and the same priority privileges will be granted both.

A telegram from the Washington Red Cross office reads: "The importance of the action taken by the war industries board may be judged from the fact that \$18,000,000 was saved on a single order placed a few days ago. The fact that Red Cross dollar and government dollar are to be on the same footing probably means a saving of millions of dollars in the aggregate because heretofore the Red Cross has been going into the open market and paying the same price for its materials as was paid by private agencies and individuals."

Commenting upon this information Mr. Garfield said:

"This does not mean that Red Cross chapters in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky will immediately be able to avail themselves of this arrangement but it does mean that chapters will be able to receive the raw materials for work room use just as soon as they are purchased by our national headquarters and shipped to the division warehouse for chapter distribution."

Cars Damaged by Fire.

A shipment of battered cars passed through the city over the Ohio Electric lines today to the Jewett Car company. The cars were there just finished about two months ago by the Jewett company for the Lake Shore railroad, and the cars were burned when the car barns near Alliance recently burned down. They are being shipped back here for repairs.

CO-ORDINATION OF RED CROSS PURCHASES WITH THE GOVERNMENT

(Associated Press Telegram)

Cleveland, May 6.—Co-ordination of Red Cross purchases with those of the government has just been made possible by a ruling of the war industries board, James R. Garfield, manager of the Lake division announced today.

Hereafter all Red Cross purchases are to be made in the market under the same conditions as government purchases. The same prices and the same priority privileges will be granted both.

A telegram from the Washington Red Cross office reads: "The importance of the action taken by the war industries board may be judged from the fact that \$18,000,000 was saved on a single order placed a few days ago. The fact that Red Cross dollar and government dollar are to be on the same footing probably means a saving of millions of dollars in the aggregate because heretofore the Red Cross has been going into the open market and paying the same price for its materials as was paid by private agencies and individuals."

Commenting upon this information Mr. Garfield said:

"This does not mean that Red Cross chapters in Ohio, Indiana and Kentucky will immediately be able to avail themselves of this arrangement but it does mean that chapters will be able to receive the raw materials for work room use just as soon as they are purchased by our national headquarters and shipped to the division warehouse for chapter distribution."

Cars Damaged by Fire.

A shipment of battered cars passed through the city over the Ohio Electric lines today to the Jewett Car company. The cars were there just finished about two months ago by the Jewett company for the Lake Shore railroad, and the cars were burned when the car barns near Alliance recently burned down. They are being shipped back here for repairs.

CO-ORDINATION OF RED CROSS PURCHASES WITH THE GOVERNMENT

(Associated Press Telegram)

Cleveland, May 6.—Co-ordination of Red Cross purchases with those of the government has just been made possible by a ruling of the war industries board, James R. Garfield, manager of the Lake division announced today.

Hereafter all Red Cross purchases are to be made in the market under the same conditions as government purchases. The same prices and the same priority privileges will be granted both.

QUALITY ALWAYS—Our Policy Is Changeless

(Associated Press Telegram)

Washington, May 6.—The Sherwood bill granting a minimum pension of \$25 a month to civil war veterans was passed by the house today and now goes to the senate.

GERMAN ALIEN IS ARRESTED BY POLICE CHIEF

Victor Baecker, a German alien, who has not registered, was arrested at the Wehrle company on Monday morning. Baecker gave his home as Sangamon county, Ill., and is well educated. He is a draftsman by trade, and had taken out first naturalization papers in 1906 but never completed his naturalization.

The only thing found on Baecker, was a part of a page of the Pittsburgh Dispatch, which was folded to show a story telling that Secretary McAdoo had announced the Montour railroad of that district was not subject to government control. The story further continued that the road was a large coal carrying road, and that it was released from government control.

Baecker is being held for the department of justice at Columbus.</

FOR THOSE WHO WISH TO TEACH

Prepared by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction to Test the Mental Qualifications of Those Who Seek Positions as Teachers in the Public Schools.

Following is the list of questions as prepared under direction of the state superintendent of public instruction and submitted at the county examination for teachers May 4 for elementary school certificates:

AGRICULTURE.

(Choose 8)

1. Distinguish the principal soil materials (not chemical elements) and tell of the importance of each.
2. State the effects of self pollination, cross pollination, hand pollination.
3. Tell how to carry out one project of seed-testing.
4. What is the proper method and treatment in pruning and in removing limbs to secure healthful healing?
5. What objects are attained by keeping all trash about the farm cleaned up and by destroying the remains of old plants and trees?
6. What products are raised for stock? Discuss the relative values of two or three of them.
7. What birds are of greatest help and how?
8. What conditions promote the growth of corn?
9. What is pasteurized milk, and what are its advantages?

ARITHMETIC.

(Choose 8)

1. The interest on U. S. bonds is 4% payable semi-annually. If the interest be invested at the same rate what will be the income on a \$1000 bond in ten years (annual interest)?
2. The longitude of Manila is approximately 120° E. of Washington 77° W. Dewey began his great naval battle Sunday, May 1, at 6 a. m. If the news had been telegraphed immediately to Washington, when would the message have been received?
3. A man has plowed a strip 66 ft. wide around a field 20x40 rods. What part of the field is plowed?
4. How do you supplement the textbook in mensuration? "test" problem in percentage for an eighth grade class that has just finished the work.
5. A boy traded 16 thrift stamps and 12 cents for a war savings stamp. In five years the government will give him \$500 for the war savings stamp. What is the rate of interest on his investment?
6. Three persons have \$152. The first has \$20 less than the second, and the third as much as the first and second. How much has each?
7. A man has \$10,000 to invest. He can invest it in Liberty Bonds at 4½% or he can lend it at 6%. The tax rate in his township is 15 mills. Which is the better investment, and how much better in 10 years, provided in lending the money is idle an average of one month each year?
8. Jewelry is bought at 25 and 10 per cent. off list and sold at 25 per cent. above list. What is the merchant's per cent. of profit on his investment?
9. The diagonal of a square field is 100 rods. What is the diagonal of a similar field twice as large?

THEORY AND PRACTICE.

- (Take two of the groups below entire.)
- (Group A. Based on Strayer and Norsworthy's How to Teach.)
1. Explain the method and use of a handwriting scale.
 2. What are the general factors involved in study? Discuss the importance of habit formation in the acquisition of new matter.
 3. Why are you not justified in grouping pupils as bright, ordinary, and stupid?
 4. Discuss the "definite technique" necessary to thinking.
- (Group B. Based on Wilkinson's Rural School Management.)
1. Why should there be boys' and girls' agriculture clubs and why should the teacher promote them?
 2. Discuss the proper use of praise and criticism.

THE MAKING OF A FAMOUS MEDICINE

How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Is Prepared For Woman's Use.

A visit to the laboratory where this successful remedy is made impresses even the casual looker-on with the reliability, accuracy, skill and cleanliness which attend the making of this great medicine for woman's ills.

Over 250,000 pounds of various herbs are used annually and all have to be gathered at the season of the year when their natural juices and medicinal substances are at their best.

The most successful solvents are used to extract the medicinal properties from these herbs.

Every utensil and tank that comes in contact with the medicine is sterilized and as a final precaution in cleanliness the medicine is pasteurized and sealed in sterile bottles.

It is the wonderful combination of roots and herbs, together with the skill and care used in its preparation which has made this famous medicine so successful in the treatment of female ills.

The letters from women who have been restored to health by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which we are continually publishing attest to its virtue.

For Skin Soreness
of infants and children you can find nothing that heals like
Sykes Comfort Powder

Leading physicians and nurses have used and endorsed it for more than 25 years.
25c at the Vinal and other drug stores
The Comfort Powder Co., Boston, Mass.

3. How can the teacher improve the play of the school playground?
4. What are some of the important alterations possible in a school program (where more than one grade have one teacher)?

(Group C. Based on no particular text.)
1. Discuss the importance of keeping accurate records (not only of your pupils' attendance and promotion, but also of their attainments and the methods used, and of your own studies).
2. Discuss modern changes in the curriculum.
3. What motives impel children to study and practice things which are not mentioned by teacher or parent?
4. What ends should school government be made to serve?

HIGH SCHOOL AGRICULTURE.

(Choose 8)

1. What is a high production of wheat per acre? Low? Average? What soil conditions cause low production?
2. Tell how to carry out one project of seed testing.
3. Tell somewhat fully of the culture and value of either cow peas or soy beans.
4. How do birds help the farmers?
5. What is San Jose scale? How does it propagate? How is it best controlled?
6. When and how would you sow timothy?
7. Tell how the silo is constructed, filled, emptied; also the changes undergone by the silage and the conditions necessary for its proper preservation.
8. Live five of the chief points to observe in determining the worth of a draft horse.
9. Explain just how to construct a cold frame.

HISTORY.

1. When did the Congress declare war against Germany? Why?
2. Contrast the early settlers of Massachusetts with those of Virginia, showing why the one was anti-slavery in sentiment, the other proslavery.
3. Where and when was Ohio settled? What cities have been capitals of Ohio?
4. What and where is the Statue of Liberty? Who was the giver?
5. Sketch the territorial growth of the United States.
6. For what length of time may the Congress make appropriations for maintaining the army and navy? Why this limitation?
7. What amendment to the Constitution is now up for ratification? How many legislatures must ratify it to become a part of the law of the land?
8. What were some of the steps toward the elimination of slavery in the United States?

GRAMMAR.

(Choose 5)

1. Write a good paragraph on the subject of "The Need of War Gardens." Use your paragraph as an example and point out the characteristics of a good paragraph.
2. State the rules of capitalization and punctuation which led you to use the capitals and marks of punctuation which you did in the paragraph you have just written.
3. Use correctly the principal parts of the following verbs in good sentences: Drink, rise, break, lie, lay, sit, set.
4. What methods would you use to break pupils of the habit of saying "I seen"?
5. Make a list of five things you have studied in grammar which are of practical value to you in every day conversation. What have you studied in the same subject in which you see no practical value?
6. Tell explicitly what use you would make of oral composition in the grammar grade. Make clear what methods you would use in carrying out your plans.

WRITING.

1. What writing instruments should be used in the first school years and why?
2. Give some instructions about the arrangement of written work.
3. Give examples of five movement exercises. Explain how you would count to aid the student in making the strokes.
4. How do you get the pupil to keep in mind a proper ideal of what he is to do?
- 5-8. Copy as a specimen of your penmanship:
Grow old along with me!
The best is yet to be,
The last of life, for which the first was made:
Our times are in His hand
Who saith "A whole I plan'd."
Youth shows but half; trust God; see all, nor be afraid!"

ORTHOGRAPHY.

1. Explain your use of the phonetic method.
2. Define and illustrate synonym, antonym, homonym, prefix, suffix.
3. How do you choose the words to be taught? What is the normal number of new words daily?
4. What incentives secure the needed attention to spelling?
- 5-8. Spell: Aboriginal, acclamation, gingham, espionage, tutelary, assignment, Willamette, conscientious, drastic, subsistence, acquisitive, resurrect, confluence, farical, palatial, principal, principle, Ghetto, raucous, paraphrase.

LITERATURE.

(Choose 8)

1. Name four of the best English poets who have lived since 1700.
2. Recommend five great short stories.
3. Name three of the good books (fact or fiction) dealing with the present war.
4. What books dealing with nature do you recommend to children?
5. Outline the facts you teach about the life of one of the authors with whose work you are best acquainted.
6. How can you get the boys and girls to read an abundance of good literature?
7. Name five famous essayists. Give the titles of three essays of one of them.
8. What biographies have you read with most pleasure or profit and who were the authors?

23122 for Ads.

23122 Job Printing.

23121 for News Items.

9. Give a brief outline of some great poem or play.

PHYSIOLOGY.

(Choose 8)

1. How can you identify the ill-nourished child?
2. In what ways (at least two) can the tendency to bad results from the posture at the school desk be avoided?
3. How can children contract tuberculosis in school?
4. What harm is done by adenoids?
5. Make a drawing to illustrate the accommodation of the lens of the eye.
6. Connect hearing defects with retardation.
7. Discuss amount of sleep and effects of sleep.
8. State the uses of glands and their method of work. Name three glands.
9. Make a drawing to show the interchange of blood between small veins, small arteries and small lymphatics.

GEOGRAPHY.

(Choose 9)

1. What is meant by "reading a map"?
2. What would you teach about the geography of the country near your school?
3. Where should our munition factories be located? Why?
4. Give the life history of a river.
5. What are the principal things to be considered in studying any country?
6. What islands were recently acquired by the U. S.? Why?
7. What equipment do you desire in your school for teaching geography?
8. How would you use a globe in teaching geography?
9. How have your pupils use a blackboard map?
10. If the war were to end in the near future, what places in Europe would you like to visit? Why?

CITY PLACARDED

WITH BIG POSTERS

DURING THE NIGHT

How will your conscience be?

The question was put to every man, woman and child in the city of Newark this morning when they went out from their home. From every post, every tree, from every where, posters bearing the query, printed in red ink, stared him in the face.

The man who woke up with a dark brown taste in his mouth asked himself a few questions; the youth who had quarreled with his girl the night before began asking himself the why and the wherefore; the woman who slept too late to go to the church Sunday morning felt that she was the person for whom the question had been posted; the lad who disobeyed his parents ran home to forgiveness, and the man without a conscience began to recall the days when he had possessed this quality of the human individual. In fact, the question has set everyone to thinking. It has raised in him the thought as to whether or not he really is acting according to the dictates of his conscience.

Then after the first impression that the question made was well lodged in his mind, the individual began to wonder where the signs had come from and why they had been posted. That he had a conscience, there was not the slightest doubt. Why he should be so suddenly reminded of it was another question. Was Newark to have another series of revival meetings? There is no election near. The Liberty Loan campaign has closed. Newark certainly need not be ashamed of its subscriptions to Liberty bonds. German propaganda is impossible. But it was all done in the dead of night. There must be some mysterious reason for the putting up of all of those posters while the city was asleep. Absolutely no explanation of it at all can be obtained from anyone. The posters are just there, and from all appearances, they will stay there, without explanation, until the guilty parties see fit to explain.

"How will your conscience be?"

NO GROUND FOR APPRECIATION.

Do you appreciate the fact that you are saving daylight?

No, replied Mr. Growcher. It'll be more opportunity for me to go to the ball games. And every time I go up to the ball park the home team loses.

Red-blooded men of courage are on the firing line — and there are many anemic, weak, discouraged men and women left at home.

At this time of the year most people suffer from a condition often called Spring Fever. They feel tired, worn out, before the day is half thru. They may have frequent headaches and sometimes "pinchy" or pale skin.

Bloodless people, thin, anemic people, those with pale cheeks and lips, who have a poor appetite and feel that tired, worn or feverish condition in the springtime of the year, should try the refreshing tonic powers of a good alternative and blood purifier. Such a one is extracted from Blood root, Golden Seal and Stone root, Queen's root and Oregon Grape root, made up with chemically pure glycerine and without the use of alcohol. This can be obtained in ready-to-use tablet form in sixty cent vials, as druggists have sold it for fifty years as Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is a standard remedy that can be obtained in tablet or liquid form.

A good purge should be taken once a week even by persons who have a movement daily, in order to eliminate matter which may remain and cause a condition of auto-intoxication, poisoning the whole system. To clean the system at least once a week is to practice health mastery. There is nothing so good for this purpose as tiny pills made up of the May-apple, leaves of aloe and jalap, and sold by almost all druggists in this country as Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, sugar-coated, easy to take.

DON D. TULLIS IS RELIGIOUS DIRECTOR GREAT ARMY CAMP

(By Rev. Don D. Tullis.)

Ft. Leavenworth, Kas., May 4.—After a week in camp I am just beginning to find myself. I have not had so much as a desk on which to write until today, and today a good sized tobacco box answers my need. Tomorrow my new work table will be here and my office will be fitted up in the permanent "Y" building. After that I shall be ready for business.

We have a very large camp here and it is well filled with soldiers. I cannot tell you how many there are. In addition to the regulars we have several thousand men in the cantonment just outside the regular grounds. You may be interested in knowing that this is one of the largest and one of the most beautifully situated camps in the country. The buildings are all of brick, well built, and the natural scenery is equal to that of Licking county, which in turn is equal to any in the world. That's the way I feel about it now. The permanent camp grounds include six thousand acres on this side of the river and about five thousand on the other side, so you see it is a fairly good sized farm. It is second only to Ft. Riley.

On my second morning here Maj. Sanger sent around his car and driver to show me over the grounds, and it seemed like we travelled fifty miles without going over the same trail twice. Colonel Shunk is in command here and I had a delightful conference with him this morning. The Y. M. C. A. is one of the biggest things in the life of the boys. I am religious director of the entire camp, including the cantonment a mile and a half south. And say, this is some job. My work is not yet outlined as I have been too busy looking over the field. As soon as I have a working plan I shall write about it fully. We are now building a small frame shack at the cantonment to take care of the work here. There are seven men in all on the force and we work from early morning to ten thirty or eleven at night. The boys are absolutely free to go and come as they please after their evening mess, so it's hard to drive them out of the building when we want to close. And they are surely a grand bunch of boys. I have already located a number of key men to take charge of company Bible classes, these classes to preserve their organization intact "over there." This is one of the big pieces of work ahead of us.

Sunday will be an unusual day for me. I am to lead the "sing" at the morning service and have charge of and speak at the big evening hour in the Y gym. I'll wager it will be a larger Sunday night audience than I have spoken too for some time. And I understand one of the favorite Sunday night songs is "Pack away your troubles in your old kit bag and smile, smile, smile." After all, that is real religion isn't it? There is more religion in the sentiment of that song than in some of the rag time sentimental chaff of many an evangelistic meeting.

We have all denominations represented here, but somehow the men have forgotten denominational lines and are thinking in the larger circle of the kingdom. Jew, Catholic, gentile, are all of one "feather." In a world crisis there can be no provincialism in religion. It takes a world religion to meet a world need. And I understand loyalty will never answer for the present hour. They never ask me what church I am from, they don't care a snap; if only I can lend a sympathetic ear and reach out a sympathetic hand.

This is not all grind! There is much of the pleasant side of life in it. You ought to see me getting up prize fights and assisting in other "wicked" stunts. There is many a laugh hanging on the bushes all around us. A little Jewish fellow on guard the other night, so say the boys, challenged a crowd of them as they came back to camp about midnight and shouted out: "Who goes there?" then added: "Advance and give the discount."

The Second church folks have not seen the first consignment of cookies yet. Hope they will hurry, for I have already promised a thousand or more of them.

With regards to all,

Very sincerely yours,

Don D. Tullis.

P. S.—Will you kindly help me to "follow the President" by going to the Newark Trust Co. and buying another \$50 bond for me? Am enclosing check for first payment. Ask them to put it with the others I subscribed for. I challenge the men of Newark, who like myself have already subscribed, to go just this fifty more with me. D. D. T.

ORATORS FOR THE WAR CHEST DRIVE

The gospel of the war chest will be preached to the people in every corner of Licking county during now and the close of the four days' campaign, May 24-28. Prof. H. F. Moller has his staff of orators all ready at work and they will be kept busy every night and much of the time during the day speaking at the factories, the theaters and at scheduled places in the evening. The speakers are the same men who during the third Liberty loan drive did such excellent work, they being as follows:

L. P. Franklin, J. R. Fitzgibbon, Roderic Jones, L. C. Russell, W. C. Miller, George Hamilton, J. Henry Miller, Phil Smythe, E. L. Beggs, C. Harrington, D. L. Wilson, Hawkins, Ray Martin, Rev. C. H. Still, Rev. L. C. Sparks, C. L. H. Long, E. S. Randolph, B. F. McDonald, O. J. Barnes, J. A. Tait, Dr. C. H. Edwards, Robert North, A. E. Willert, G. G. Barber, C. T. Buel, H. C. Ashcraft and K. L. Dickerson.

23121 for News Items.

WHAT WILL YOUR CONSCIENCE BE



MEETING TONIGHT OF COMMITTEES OF WAR CHEST DRIVE

Tonight's meeting of the township chairmen, the district township chairmen and the heads of the special factory committees with the executive and organization committees marks the initial move to fill Licking county's war chest of \$360,000. Preliminary details and the campaign schedule have been carefully worked out before hand and the plans will be given to the chairmen. The meeting will be held at the Masonic temple at 7 o'clock. After a supper W. M. Mumm of the Mumm-Romer advertising agency at Columbus and Dr. Andrew Timberman of Columbus will speak on the Columbus war chest campaign. Both men were prominent factors in the success of the campaign in their city and they will have valuable pointers to give.

As in the Liberty loan campaign the county will be divided into townships and the city into districts. The workers on the various teams will be the same as in that drive. On Monday evening, May 20, each township committee will meet and will be given the blank with full instructions concerning the drive. On Tuesday morning, May 21, they will be all prepared to start the actual work of filling the chest in four days.

Everyone is to be solicited. In proportion to his income he will be asked and expected to contribute to the War Chest. The amount to be raised is the county's estimated quota to care for all war needs during the coming year. President E. C. Wright of the war work committee and C. Harrington Davis, chairman of the organization committee are both expecting a 100 per cent attendance at the meeting tonight.

ALL THERE BUT THE POP.
Mother was out, and Sister Sue was putting on her best blouse, so six-year-old Bobby had to entertain Sue's young man. As is the way with his kind, he began to ply the unfortunate caller with questions.

"Mr. Brown," he began, "What is a popinjay?"

"Why—er—a popinjay is a—eh—valn bird."

"Are you a bird, Mr. Brown?"

"No, of course not."

"Well, that's funny. Mother said you were a popinjay and father said there was no doubt about your being a Jay, and Sue said there didn't seem to be much chance of your popin' and now you say you aren't a bird at all."—Pittsburgh Chronicle Telegraph.

HARD TO PLEASE.

"What is your dog's name?"

"I don't know yet," replied the patient man. "I am still experimenting. I have tried nearly all the dog names I can think of and he doesn't answer to any of them."—Washington Star.



"I'm glad Mrs. Dasher is going to tell the women of Newark the advantages of the Favorite Fireless Cooking Gas Range. I have certainly enjoyed life since we bought ours."

Fireless Demonstration AT OUR STORE

At 2:30 o'clock on Tuesday and Wednesday, Mrs. Ada I. Dasher, the famous domestic science teacher and lecturer, will demonstrate Favorite Fireless Cooking Gas Ranges at our store.

Mrs. Dasher is one of the foremost lecturers on scientific cooking in this country and she will show you how the Favorite Fireless will save one-half of the gas, one-third of your time, and one-fifth of your food.

In this day of high prices you owe it to yourself and family to hear Mrs. Dasher and to see how you can cut down your food bills and also have two or three hours extra a day for pleasure, recreation or other work.

Favorite Fireless Gas Ranges have been heartily approved by good housekeeping institute.

Don't forget to hear the lecture and see the demonstration.

Wm. E. MILLER HDWE. CO.
THE FAVORITE STORE

NEWARK ADVOCATE

Established in 1820.

Published Daily Except Sunday.
THE ADVOCATE PRINTING CO
C. H. SPENCER, President.

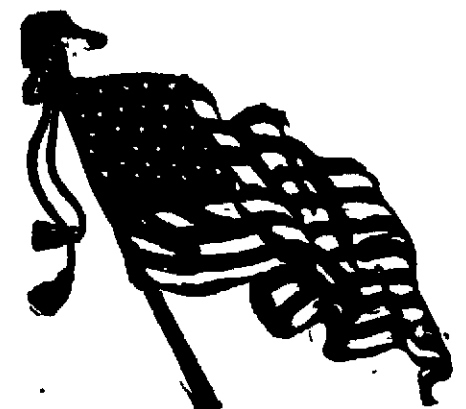
Terms of Subscription.

Single copy 2c
Delivered by carrier by week 10c

Subscription by Mail.

One month \$.35
Three months 1.00
Six months 1.75
One year 3.00

Entered as second class matter March 10, 1882, at the postoffice at Newark, N. J., under Act of March 3, 1879.

Member of the Associated Press.
The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news published herein. All rights of republication of special dispatches herein are also reserved.GUARANTEED CIRCULATION.
The circulation of The Newark Advocate has been audited by the Audit Bureau of Circulations, the recognized authority on expert circulation examination.

GOVERNOR COX'S ADDRESS.

Wide publicity having been given to a mis-statement of facts in connection with a recent address of Governor James M. Cox at West Liberty, at an assemblage of Menonites and other citizens, there was given out today at the office of the governor a letter which has been written in response to several inquiries in that connection. This is the letter:

"I have your letter of the thirteenth ultimo in which you ask whether in a Liberty loan speech made by me at West Liberty, a community made up in part by Menonites, I suggested the revival of the whipping post. I am very pleased to advise you just what observations were made with reference to the attitude of the Menonites.

"I spoke very definitely on the subject, regretting the position which these people had assumed, and urging the community to be tolerant because the Menonites had an entire misconception of the whole situation. They are not deliberately disloyal, but in the eyes of their neighbors they are disloyal because they withhold their co-operation from the nation of which they are a part, both in services rendered, and in benefits derived, not the least of which is religious freedom which they came here to obtain. The Menonite children attending the public schools were a part of the ceremonies. We commented upon that and voiced the pleasure which it naturally inspired.

"In this connection the statement was made that the community need have no fears about the younger generation because it has now, and will have in the future, no misguided ideas with reference to the duty of America when faced by a menace such as is now before us.

"A Menonite minister had said in the pulpit, so we were advised, that it was a form of idolatry for anyone to yield allegiance to the nation's flag. I took issue with that as vigorously as I know how, contending that the flag is the expression of a sentiment, and when we lose the sentimental attachment for the traditions of this country, the nation is about at an end. We have reverence for the cross because it symbolizes the sacrifice made by Christ, and we love the flag because its stars tie us to the sentiment made by Christ, and we love the flag because its stars tie us to the sentiment of the Savior's birth. We have not only written one star into the flag, but forty-eight stars of liberty, because every star represents a state, and every state is devoted to the nation's ideals.

"I said frankly that the Menonites should buy bonds to protect the nation, the state, the community of West Liberty, and its homes. We insisted also that, if the Menonites were opposed to war, then they could not favor the consequences of war, nor could they moved either by conscience or consistency, profit by the results of war. This clearly suggested that if performance were to match preaching, they should bring their wheat to the market and sell it for a dollar a bushel, and not place in their purse the additional dollar, which is a direct result of the war they profess to abhor.

"I never mentioned the whipping post. I don't believe in it because there are methods more modern. Public opinion will correct a community condition based upon misunderstanding rather than deliberate disloyalty. If disloyalty, however, becomes a matter of deliberation, rather than of misconception, then very

frankly, I suggest measures that will be effective—but not the whipping-post.

"If you have any influence with the Menonites, let me urge upon you the importance of counseling with them. The great mass of Germans in this state are loyal—they are giving their sons to the army, and their energies to community war activities. Our people are tolerant—they will not accept a German name as an index of disloyalty, but they will not look with pleasure nor will they tolerate either individual or organized resistance to this war, be it Menonite or otherwise."

SUBMARINE SITUATION.

Many students of the war have felt that once the U-boats were mastered, the issue of the war is no longer in doubt. Considering the terrific striking power manifested in the German spring drive, this opinion now looks premature. But if the submarine can be mastered, the situation will be measurably improved.

The latest report of sinkings showed a total for three months, which if continued for a year, would amount to 4,500,000 tons of all allied shipping. The latest figures indicate that the United States will build at least 3,000,000 tons this year. England should build 1,500,000 tons. From Japan and other sources at least 500,000 tons should be secured, making a probable total of 5,000,000. This will probably be exceeded.

We should not too hastily assume the submarine is beaten. It remains to be seen whether the long daylight of the summer season will help the U-boats to follow their prey more persistently, and secure a higher ratio of sinkings. It is encouraging, however, to note that sinkings for March and April before weekly reports were given up, did not exceed those for winter months with their short daylight.

It is not enough to replace the sunken ships. We need a constantly increasing tonnage as the army increases. We must be prepared for one of the sudden surprises that the Germans are unable to pull off every little while. So our country must still strain every resource to build an enormous fleet of ships capable of beating the worst U-boat pirates can do. While flattering hopes have been held out of the new invention that will locate an approaching submarine, it will be poor policy to place reliance in such hopes until submarine sinkings have been reduced far below their current total.

THE ONE BLOOD.

(Philadelphia Record.)
Our war department announces the bestowal of a medal for bravery on a bluejacket of the United States navy and a gift of \$100. This young sailor risked his life to rescue a ship which had broken loose aboard ship and was imperiling the existence of the boat and the lives of all on board.

Well out from land an English pilot of an entirely unique hydroplane, whose special merits of construction were as yet unknown and must at every cost be kept secret from the enemy, became separated from the squadron to which he was attached and in company with which he had been cruising. In the fog which had separated them he waited. He instructed the lad who had come with him as assistant to don his life belt. Then the fog lifted and the pilot saw German destroyers steaming toward him, he ordered the lad into the water and bade him swim for his life, and he blew his craft and himself into space.

These men are blood brothers. The bond is the strongest and most enduring there can be. They have a passion for the saving of life, and are willing to give their lives to save life. They gave their lives for others, both, though one died and the other lived. And these are kin with the men who are holding the line over in France and Flanders today. There is no help and extension of this kinship unparalleled in its extent and incomparable in its intensity.

And who will doubt that this relationship will survive, will be transmitted? When the men who have established the bond are gone, it will be perpetuated and cemented by those who come after. There is a magic power in memory and example which cannot die. It is this bond Germany cannot break. It is this bond Germany cannot destroy. This new and glorious people which shall overwhelm her.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

(Cleveland Plain Dealer.)
When the bill establishing conscriptions came for passage before the upper branch of the Newfoundland parliament not a dissenting vote was cast.

Newfoundland is a small state, with about one-third as many people as Cleveland and with an area, including Labrador, but slightly in excess of California.

But Newfoundland has wisdom in some directions exceeding that shown by larger and more populous countries. When it came time to raise an army to help defend civilization, there was no group of senators to obstruct, to talk nonsense about the superiority of the volunteer system and stand in the way of their nation's asserting itself vigorously on humanity's side.

The restraint noted in Berlin's report on the British naval raid rouses a suspicion that it was more effective than the rest of the world had hoped.—Indianapolis News.

WEEDING OUT THE ALIENS.

(Philadelphia Record.)
It is good and reassuring news from Camp Hancock that "350 enemy aliens, members of the Key-tone division, entrained for Fort Creek, Neb., where they will be given non-combatative service." It seems that some of these men, taken from all units of the division, had been sent to the Mexican border, and were esteemed as of unquestioned loyalty. Some of them openly grieved that they would not be permitted to serve the United States on the other side. But the order had been given as a measure of precaution, and was inexorably carried out. This precaution has been taken none too soon. To neglect it were culpable. It should be extended to all the cantonments, and, in whatever form that seems best to the authorities, to every community.

Suggestion as to the use of the enemy aliens, outside of what the government may require of them in non-combatative military service, may not be out of order. Why not utilize them in the production of food? There is a great scarcity of farm labor. Certainly those enemy aliens, technically so judged, who are loyal to the land they live in, could find an opportunity to serve loyally the interests of that land by such occupation, and those who are truly enemies could be required to report periodically, and so be kept in view and productively engaged.

Anyone at all conversant with farming conditions today has profound sympathy for the farmer. As a rule he is as loyal as his predecessors of Revolutionary days. He wants to do the large part assigned to him in the production of food. But, in many instances, the help is not forthcoming, and today is the critical time, when he is putting in his crops. He must measure carefully the amount of labor he is going to be able to command to care for them.

So here are two pressing needs which would seem to lend themselves to paring off. Weed out the enemy aliens from camp and town and city, and use them to fight the weeds and produce the food upon the farms.

AT BUCKEYE LAKE.

(Ohio State Journal.)
The people begin to gather at Buckeye Lake. It is a pleasant place to spend a few days. They don't put on much style there. When a woman gets a pole, puts on her husband's hat and sits on the bank or pier and fishes, that's bliss. Her cup of joy is fuller than if she sat in some eastern seaside resort beating off the ennui. There human nature has a chance to loll about in its sweet simplicity, or catch a sunfish, or watch the country maidens from Columbus or Newark enjoy the music of the mass. The lake is a beautiful body of water, which has changed much since we first saw it, when it was simply a sunken forest. Then a white frame house near the shore was the only hostelry for the visitor who ventured there to catch a bass. The primitive days have long passed by. The banks are studded with cottages, the lake with electric launches, the modest burg with all kinds of stores and attractions and the little crevices and ditches filled with tin cans, which tell of plenty and carelessness, two conditions that blend more often than they should.

Spirit of the Press

Why Oppose Gas?
What is the significance of the minister's statement that "no country will agree to renounce the use of gas? Have there been murmurings, inside Germany from the relatives of soldiers with burned lungs? Or has news come to Germany that some chemist in one of the allied countries has worked out a gas far more deadly than the Germans have been able to make? Is von Stein angling for an invitation from some humane neutral to join in the restoration of the old rules of war, now that German has been bitten with her own teeth?—New York Sun.

The Golden West Ahead.
At the time of the second Liberty loan, in October, the farmers had harvested only a fraction of the bumper corn crop and had by no means marketed all their earlier produce. Their response was thought disappointing. Today the farmer has in mind the proceeds of by far the largest part of last year's crops, and agricultural states are coming "over the top" in a way to make some cities blush. Is it not possible that the farmers, who were accused last fall of lukewarmness, simply did not have as much ready money as they now hold? Westerners will soon be suggesting that if Liberty loan subscriptions are the index of patriotism, missionary trains should be made up in Quincy, Ill., Lexington, Ky., and Hannibal, Mo., to carry the light to New York and Philadelphia.—New York Evening Post.

A Moral in Horse Meat.

As an economic measure the French minister of provisions has urged a meatless week.
For those seven days he has suggested that horseflesh be eaten as a substitute. The latest statistics show that 70,000 horses were slaughtered for edible purposes in France last year. Two thousand donkeys and mules and 300 horses are daily being killed at the present time to supply the French table. How little, viewed in the light of these facts, has the American patriot to grumble about. Up to now no horse has appeared on his menu card, no mule has been served as his niece or resistance, and only by the slightest shade has his war bread been darkened.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Third Is Cumulative.

When the plans for the third Liberty loan were made there was doubt about the minor denominations. Would it be worth while to market \$50 bonds when the War Savings stamp sales were absorbing the small contributions of the people? It appeared questionable.

The sale of Thrift and Savings stamps proceeds unimpaired by the canvass for larger sums. The bonds as in the previous loans were as low as \$50; and the sale of \$50 bonds in Syracuse is more encouraging than ever. Thrift induces thrift. The more you save the more you have.—Syracuse Post-Standard.

Hailed to the Scaffold.
The Kaiser (as he faced the final punishment)—My one regret is that I didn't have another 1,000,000 lives to offer for my country.—Life.

His Status Well Known.
A Socialist at present in America is a man whose loyalty to some other country cannot be suspected for a moment.—Chicago Herald.

Pointed Observations

Emperor Charles' mother-in-law has been banished from Austria in consequence of his letter admitting the justice of France's claim to Alsace-Lorraine. Can a lady be a goat?—New York World.

It ought to seem pretty easy to the Italian veterans now fighting in France. They don't have to worry about going to sleep and falling out of the trenches into the enemy's camp a mile away.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Why encourage food profiteering by calling sauerkraut Liberty cabbage? Next thing we know they'll want to camouflage limburger as freedom cheese.—New York Telegraph.

Before declaring a war of extermination against sauerkraut it is well to reflect that this delicacy is of Alsatian origin. The allies have quite as good a title to it as to Strasburg pie, otherwise pate de foie gras, for which Alsace must also have the credit.—Springfield Republican.

Sinn Fein means "we ourselves," but now is the time to think also of the other fellow who is fighting for the liberty of the world—including Ireland.—Memphis Commercial Appeal.

CAMP SHERMAN NOTES

(Associated Press Telegram.)
Camp Sherman, Chillicothe, O., May 6.—Military authorities are planning and recommending that government agents be sent to Toledo and to other cities of the state to investigate the drug traffic among youths of draft age, so great has been the number of habits coming here in the draft, it was stated today. Toledo is said to have furnished 95 per cent of the selectives who are addicted to the drug habits.

Testimony and evidence gathered from habits coming here in the draft form the basis of a report which is being made to Washington on this subject, it was stated.

In the last movement of drafted men sent here approximately 30 addicts of drug were discovered. Before the new men are taken to their barracks they are always searched for contraband, such as intoxicants and drugs. Habits of the drugs discovered are sent to the base hospital for expert treatment. Authorities have expressed a determination to keep the number of such men at a minimum. Conditions in Chillicothe and in other cities of the state may come in for investigation also, it was said.

Quartermaster officials today stated that they had no official confirmation of the announcement from Washington to the effect that this cantonment would be enlarged, possibly to twice its present size. A number of officers from the construction division of the quartermaster department at Washington were here a week ago and it was stated at that time that enlargement was a possibility.

Newly-arrived selectives who were transferred to permanent organizations during the past few days are to be sent to the rifle-range at the end of the present week to master the American infantryman is being armed. Preliminary rifle instruction is being given the thousands of recruits.

The 165th infantry brigade is scheduled to complete its firing on the range for the selectives who arrived about five weeks ago on Thursday. The new men of the 331st and 332nd infantries will be sent to the range at that time for the target work. The complete course will be fired by all of the men. Only the new men will be taken to the range and not entire regiments as has been the case heretofore.

Artillery officers are preparing to map out problems involving the fire of different kinds of ordnance as soon as the 324th artillery completes work. Light and heavy field pieces, machine guns, howitzers and trench mortars are available for combination firing here.

Double and triple barrages may also be arranged. Men from the various artillery units will be utilized when the time comes to lay down a combination barrage from different kinds of artillery on the same objective at the Sidney Creek range.

AN UNFAIR ADVANTAGE.

A Peabody girl, writing to her Canadian sweetheart in France, inquired in her last letter: "What kind of a man is the censor who reads all my letters and your letters to me and signs him name 'Opened by the censor'?" The censor added a foot note in her sweetheart's last letter, describing himself, and now the girl doesn't know whether she is in love with the censor or her old sweetheart.—Peabody Gazette.

WORTH TRYING.
"What do they mean by poetic license? Does a poet have to pay for a license?"
"No. If he did we'd have fewer poets."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

ON THE WIRE.

Telephones are great time savers, aren't they?
Well, that depends upon who calls you up.—London Answers.

A HEAVY SHOCK WAS REGISTERED SOMEWHERE ON THE WEST FRONT THAT SEVERELY ROCKED BERLIN



SOLDIERS' LETTERS

The following letter was received Saturday by Miss Clara Bragg of 88 Meridian street, from her brother, M. R. Bragg, formerly of battery B, 324th H. F. A., Camp Sherman.

France, April 15, 1918.

Dear Sister and Brothers:

I thought I would drop you a few lines to let you know that I arrived safe and am feeling fine. Had a pretty nice trip on the water and the biggest surprise to me was that I didn't get seasick. Felt fine all the way over. We had a little rough weather for a couple of days but that didn't amount to anything.

I am writing this in the Y. M. C. A. and in looking over the names written on the wall and everything in the room, I was surprised to see George Dietz's name. You know him. He enlisted in company B, 4th O. N. G., there in Newark, and lived on State street; also Wesley Annarino, the fruit man's son, who was in battery B with me, so I know that at least two from our town have been here ahead of me.

Haven't seen Kappes or Fish here. I don't know whether they landed here or not, as they loaded on their boat a day or two ahead of us and are probably in some other city.

I sure do like the looks of this country. The scenery, which I have seen so far, is surely fine. Saw some young onions and the trees are coming out in blossom.

It is rather chilly here today and our mackinaws feel pretty good. Have you received my cards from New York yet? I figured you would hear from me about as quick that way as by a cablegram, so I didn't send any message. It would have cost me about \$5 or \$6 to send only a few words.

Haven't seen any scrap tobacco here but I bought some Star plug tobacco and cigarettes (Camels) are cheaper here in the Y canteen than they were in Newark the last time I was there. Cost about 13 or 14c which is 70 centimes in French money. Having lots of fun learning to count francs, centimes and other French money.

Say, Sis, give Helen B. my address and anyone else who asks for it, as I can't write as often over here as I did while in the states. I don't expect that I will write home, over a couple of times a month. If I could, I would write a big letter telling you about my trip and what I have seen so far, but you know what the censor would do to it.

I haven't received any mail since the day you sent that telegram to Camp Grant. Don't know what has become of it, but heard that it was on the same boat we came over on. If you write to Paulson or any other Newark fellows over here tell them what my regiment and company are and maybe I can locate some of them that way. I am keeping my eyes open, always looking for some one that I know from home.

We had some rain last night but it quit towards morning and got pretty cold.

I saw some German prisoners working here around the camps and they sure do take their time working. You ought to have seen them size us Yankees up, as we hiked along the streets and roads.

Seine world-shrd sh sh sh rdi a u The old ladies from town came out to our camp with wheelbarrows and gathered up soldiers' washings. The old men and small boys beg us for tobacco. Guess things must be pretty tough for them. We are not allowed to sell nor give them any tobacco, as they only are allowed tonnage (free) on the boats for what we use and France allows it to come in free as

The Advocate's

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

ATTENDING P.O.

God will not suffer man to have the knowledge of things to come; for if he had prescience of his prosperity he would be careless, and understanding of his adversity he would be senseless.—Augustine.

Gee Whiz!
A soldier from far Albuquerque gave a glance at the maidens of Terque.

"Not for me," he averred, "For I think on my word, Your complexions, my dears, are too merque."

Paw's Helpless Fury.
Aunt Caline says:—Will B. Raw has fell most off in love of Sola Lemmon an' he jest stays over at Lemmon's nite an' day till Sola's father is jest about insain. An' he stays till the lamp goes out which cole le is offle hi' two. So last nite about 'leven o'clock will he rolled outen bed an' went reel firm out into the haul an' calls o' u t.

"Sola," says he, "Yes, Paw," says Sola, "What time is it?" says Hav, "I don't no, Paw," says Sola, "The clock ain't a-goin'." "Huh!" says Hav, "It ain't the only thing that ain't a-goin'!" he says.

An Ignoble Company.
"I've simply no use for those base profiteers," remarked Mr. Ferdinand Bonner, "They ought to be stopped in their sordid careers. For their profits are sure without honor."

—Newark Advocate.

Did you know
That the military salute is supposed to have originated in an ancient knightly custom? When knight

long as nobody but soldiers and sailors get it.

As ever,
Dode.

Address: Private M. R. Bragg, 2nd company, 19th Engineers, American E. F. France.

HE KNEW THE PLACE.
"Now, boys," said the teacher in the juvenile Sunday school class, "our lesson today teaches us that if we die good while here on earth, when we die we will go to a place of everlasting bliss. But suppose we are bad, then what will become of us?"

"We'll go to a place of everlasting blister," promptly answered the small boy at the pedal extremity of the class.—Brooklyn Citizen.

A TRUE PATRIOT.
"Why don't you get an alienist to examine your son?"

"Nor, sir! An American doctor is good enough for me."—Baltimore American.

FINDIN'S KEEPIN'S.
"What if we loses this blinkin' war after all, Bill?"

"Well, all I can say is—them what finds it is quite welcome to keep it."—Tit-Bits.

Notin' enthuses some fellers but th' rustle of a skirt. Mrs. Lefe Bud has complained 't th' authorities that she haint seen her husband since she attempted some graham gems.

Alie Martin

Now! THE ENTHUSIASM OF THE NILE IN 4 REELS A WEEKLY COURTESY 50¢ CENSORED 5¢

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE

SOCIAL EVENTS

SOCIETY EDITOR, AUTO 'PHONE 2512.

SOE Messrs. F. S. Scott, Byron Dickerson and Nelson Metz, entertainment committee for the Elk lodge, announce the last dance of the season in the Elk club rooms on Tuesday evening, May 14, at which time a box supper will be served. Mr. Metz will have his famous "Wild Orchestra" present and the committee has arranged a splendid dancing program. Messrs. Scott and Dickerson will see that the boxes are amply filled with the good things and the event will undoubtedly prove one of the many successful functions given by the lodge the past season.

A number of friends surprised Mrs. Hattie Collins, Saturday afternoon, at the home, 419 Washington street, with a delightful party. Games were enjoyed and at 4 o'clock a delightful lunch was served the following guests:

Miss Berenice Collins, Miss Elsie Smith, Mrs. Stella Gamble and children, Amelia and Merwyn, Mr. and Mrs. William Mossman, Mrs. Bessie Smith and son Russell, Mrs. Lillian Hilgert, Mrs. Della Cox and daughter, Alice, Mrs. Collins and son Albert.

Mrs. D. Wiggins of Madison township, entertained the women of the Missionary Society of St. John's Lutheran church, Thursday afternoon. After the devotional services the lesson was taken up, the subject being "The White Man in Africa." The program follows:

"The Trail in Africa," Miss Maude Parr; "How Ah Lee Joined the Church," Mrs. Chas. Davener; "Boys and Girls in India," Miss Cora Tavenor; "Child-Mother of India," Mrs. Dan Jones; "Do It Now," Mrs. Jos. Watson; "The African in a New Environment," Mrs. F. Osborn. Luncheon was served and the next meeting will be with Mrs. Edward Cotterman in June.

The Alpha Sewing Circle will meet Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Ralph Bradley, 29 1-2 North Fourth street to sew for the Red Cross.

The members of the L. C. B. A. will entertain with a card party on Tuesday evening at the Knights of Columbus hall, West Main street.

THE COURTS

Justice D. M. Jones' Court.
Upon an affidavit sworn out by Benson McCormick, B. & O. detective, a local junk dealer was brought before Justice D. M. Jones on two charges of selling and buying junk illegally, Saturday afternoon. The law in the case requires that all junk bought must be tagged and given a number corresponding with entries made in the books. Which all dealers are required by law to keep. McCormick says the dealer failed to do this. Both charges are of a similar nature. The hearing was set for Friday morning at 9 o'clock.

S. Schwartz, a peddler from Delaware, was arrested, Saturday, on the same charge, and his hearing set for Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

Decree Granted.
In the case of Annie Hinto vs. Ernest Hinton, a decree of divorce was granted the plaintiff, Saturday afternoon, in common pleas court. She was restored to her maiden name—Annie Taylor.

Marriage Licenses.
Leslie B. Owens, soldier, Newark; Miss Emma Kner, etcher, Newark. Rev. E. N. Kraft named to officiate.

Common Pleas Court.
In common pleas court the court and a jury took up the trial of the case of George Taylor, as administrator vs. the Ohio Electric Railway Co. Plaintiff brings the suit to recover damages on account of his wife being killed by being struck by a car of defendant company between Hebron and Buckeye Lake in May, 1915.

In the case of David Stough vs. the city of Newark, a judgment of dismissal was entered. The suit was brought to recover damages on account of water overflowing a lot of plaintiff, caused by the backing up of a sewer.

For trial Wednesday: Ollie Alberly, administrator, vs. William Gilmore.

Eugene Delmar vs. Geo. Hayden: Leave given to plead in 30 days.

Harry S. Shick by Judson Shick, his father and next friend, vs. John W. Cawter, executor, et al. Suit to recover work and labor: demurrer to amended petition overruled. Leave to answer in 20 days.

Wm. A. Osborn, et al. vs. State of Ohio, a proceeding in error to reverse a judgment of conviction upon charge of illegally selling intoxicating liquors: petition in error dismissed. Judgment of mayor finding defendants guilty affirmed.

Real Estate Notes.
Wm. H. Chilcoat to Edward Hibbert, part of lot 16 in the city of Newark: \$1, etc.

Samuel E. Hagy to Allen M. Hagy, lots 46-47 in the village of Etta: \$500.

Russell C. Edwards to Wm. H. Lynn, 35 feet fronting on North Fourth street: \$1, etc.

Wm. Lynn to Russell Edwards, in lot 3179 in Ball & Ward's addition: \$1, etc.

Mary J. Belt to G. B. Sherman, in lot 38 in Utica: \$1, etc.

McKindra D. Shrader to L. C. Brown, 87 acres in Monroe township: \$3000.

Charles C. Davis to Frank C. Aarand, part of outlot 7 in Flory's first addition: \$1, etc.

Elmer Ewing to Helen Paulsen, in lot 3616 in Hull's addition: \$1, etc.

TO CURE SHELL SHOCK BY SONG



Mrs. Isa Maud Ilsen.

Mrs. Isa Maud Ilsen has recently been appointed song leader by Raymond R. Fosdick, chairman of the commission on training camp activities. Her duty will be to supply music in the hospitals where American soldiers are treated who have returned from Europe suffering with shell shock. The value of music in hospitals is being tested at Fort McHenry and if it proves successful it will be extended to other military hospitals.

OBITUARY

Mrs. Adelaide Asire.
Mrs. Adelaide Asire, beloved wife of Frank Asire, died at the home of her sister, Mrs. Walter Basehart, Outville road, Sunday evening, of tuberculosis. She had been ill for the past six months, and was a patient sufferer. Greatly loved by all, she has gone to the Great Beyond to suffer no more. She leaves to mourn her loss, the husband, Frank Asire of Chicago; three sisters: Mrs. Walter Basehart, Outville road; Mrs. Clelio Furkile, Sweden, and Mrs. Emelia Wallquist, Buenos Aires, South America; and three brothers: Hugo Henning and Hjalmar Gillstrom; all of Sweden.

The funeral services will be conducted at the home, Wednesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Interment will be made in Cedar Hill cemetery.

Harold David Hughes.
Harold David Hughes died at his home, south of Hanover, Saturday morning. He was born on July 23, 1915, and was 1 year 9 months and 11 days of age. Surviving him are the parents, two sisters and two brothers.

The funeral services were conducted at the Hanover M. E. church, Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Burial was made in the Hanover cemetery.

Edward S. Harrison.
Edward S. Harrison died at his home near Alexandria, Sunday afternoon at 5:15 o'clock, after an illness of about a year of complication of diseases. He was 31 years of age, and leaves a wife, formerly Miss Alice Jones, to mourn her loss. A mother also remains, Mrs. Elizabeth Harrison of Okmulgee, Okla.; two sisters and two brothers: Mrs. Ward of Okmulgee, Okla.; J. R. Harrison of Okmulgee, Okla.; Mrs. Bernice Peters of Waco, Mo., and H. E. Harrison of Marietta, O.

Funeral will be held Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the home, and burial will be made in Alexandria cemetery.

Funeral of William Duffy.
The body of William Duffy who died at the Good Samaritan hospital in Zanesville Saturday, was brought to Newark by Undertaker C. T. Egan and prepared for burial. It was sent to the late home in Junction City where funeral services will be held on Tuesday morning at St. Patrick's church and interment will be made at Junction City.

David Mahlon Patton.
David Mahlon Patton, the 7-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Patton of Dexter City, died Saturday morning at 10:30 o'clock, at the home, following a short illness. The body was brought to this city this morning and taken in charge by the Bradley ambulance to the home of the grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. David Watkins, two miles east of Granville.

Funeral services will be held at the Watkins home, Thursday morning at 10 o'clock, and burial will be made in Cedar Hill cemetery.

Card of Thanks.
We desire to return thanks to the many friends for kindness extended us in the death of our mother. Especially those who were so kind as to furnish automobiles, also for floral offerings. To Rev. Stuckey for his kind words and to the W. R. C.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Raison.
Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Raison.

THE BOY WAS HELP.
The Honorable—"My boy, do you realize how great is the solemnity of an oath, before you commit yourself?"

The Boy—"Why—why, yes, sir. I caddied for you last Sunday."—Widow.

GRANVILLE

(Special to The Advocate.)
Granville, O., May 6.—Two Liberty loan flags are catching the breezes from a suspension rope across Broadway—one for Granville town; the other for Granville township. Sale of bonds at the Granville bank reached a total of \$80,000. The quota as given by the federal reserve bank was \$24,600. The next drive is for the war chest. Think it over. One day's wages or salary or income in thirty-one, during the coming year, as a free-will offering for the men in khaki. Is it too much? Is it enough?

The beautiful annual carnival on Shepardsen campus, which for several years has been engaged by hundreds of delighted spectators on a certain afternoon in May, will this year be given under somewhat different conditions—the time set being 8 o'clock, Friday evening of this week. Under the auspices of the Shepardsen department of physical education the students and several of the faculty of Shepardsen have been mobilized to aid in the production of the Iroquois corn festival for the benefit of the American Star Animal relief, for the conservation of our war-dogs and war-horses now in active service in France. There are about 40 girls in the cast, assisted by Donald Butler, Ted Adams, Miss Smith and Miss Bradstreet. Miss Setton, Prof. Johnston and Mr. Soule also have given their assistance. There are tickets for general admission and tickets for reserved seats, both to be had at Ullman's. If you regret the charming afternoon on the beautiful campus, be prepared for the equally fascinating spectacle of mystic significance given under electric light and console yourself with the thought that the entire proceeds will be turned over to the Red Star society.

Judson Evans is head of a committee now formulating plans for the proper observance of Memorial day in Granville, and everything indicates one of the greatest celebrations ever had. One of the features already announced is to be a rousing community-sing, under the officers appointed by the women's committee, counsel of defense.

Word has been received from James A. Galford, '16, who has been engaged in Y. M. C. A. work in Mesopotamia ever since his graduation, and who is still hard at work at his little mission station, although it had been feared that he had gotten into action with the Indian troops and been killed.

H. C. Reynolds, who graduated last June and afterward entered the employ of the National City Bank of New York City, was sent to their branch in the Russian capital city last August. He spent last winter there and was in the midst of Russian activity during the recent upheaval. When last heard from he was in Japan, and now word comes that he is on his way from Petrograd to some point in South America. Experiences, such as his, do not fall to the lot of every man.

Prof. and Mrs. K. H. Eschman will spend the week in Cincinnati, attending the May festival.

Among Granville visitors to the rummage sale of the Alexandria unit of the A. F. F. W., Saturday and Sunday evening, were: Mrs. Frank Ray, Mrs. Robert Biggs, Mary Dundy, Miss Frances Ray, Gordon Long, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kussmaul, Louis Kussmaul, Miss Sarah Evans, Mr. Williams, Mrs. W. A. Chamberlain, Miss Peckham, Miss Lowland. In addition to the enjoyment of everyone who attended the enterprising auxiliary made about \$1000.

President C. W. Chamberlain has been in the southern part of the state where he assisted yesterday in the dedication of a new building for Rio Grande college.

Parker Tille, '19, Battery D, 134th F. A., stationed at Camp Sheridan, Montgomery, Ala., is spending a week's leave in Granville visiting his sister, Miss Lucille, a student at Shepardsen, and several of his college friends.

Mrs. Anna Campbell, who spent the week-end with friends in Loudenville, is expected to return this evening.

Miss Blanche LaFerre is in Cleveland as the guest of Mrs. Clymer, formerly Miss Lulu Jackson of this place.

Denison athletes have been practicing at throwing the hand-grenade on Beaver field. It is said that this event will be added to the usual track and field events at the Big Six meet in Columbus, May 18. The missile is thrown from behind a tall board fence, representing a trench, into small pits representing trenches. Accuracy, rather than distance, being the end in view.

On Wednesday evening, May 15, Miss Lois Lockhart will give her graduating piano recital.

Miss Gladys Anna Bowen was united in marriage, Sunday afternoon at 4:30, to Mr. Eber Parker Corbin of Bradford, O. The ceremony was performed at the bride's home, College street, her father, Rev. C. J. Bowen, officiating.

The Sick

Mr. T. J. Foster is ill at the home of his daughter, Mrs. H. M. Evans, North Fifth street.

Mrs. Hattie Roe is lying seriously ill with appendicitis at her home in Elmwood avenue.

Mrs. H. M. Evans is quite ill at her home in North Fifth street.

THIS NEVER HAPPENED!
"Pa, will you give me a good licking right now?"

"Why this, Lemond?"

"I'm going to sneak off and go swimming, and I don't want to be bothered with a future."—Cornell Widow.

A BAD MARKSMAN.
What is the chief aim of Jobbing's existence?

Making money.

But he's always hard up.

Quite true. His aim is good.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

SHE LEADS NEW MILITARY BAND



Miss Annabelle Boyer in her band costume.

Miss Annabelle Boyer is the leader of a new military band that is made up of women who are being trained to take the place of some of the numerous military bands which have gone to the front. As drum major she is now busily engaged practicing with her baton and trying to become accustomed to her uniform.

ABOUT PEOPLE

Hon. Edward Kibler has gone to French Lick Springs, Ind., where he expects to remain for several weeks.

Margaret Martin of the Mt. Vernon road spent Sunday in Columbus.

Mike Rafferty of Akron is the guest of friends in Newark.

Mrs. Frank Snider of North Fifth street is visiting friends in Marion.

J. Bluffton of Cleveland is calling on Newark friends today.

Miss Grace Hall of Columbus is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Hall of East Newark.

Mrs. Frank Douce, who has been the guest of Mrs. James R. Cooper of Charles street, returned to her home in Columbus yesterday afternoon. Mr. Douce spent the afternoon here.

Mrs. Herbert Taylor and Mrs. Carl French of Columbus were guests over Sunday of Mrs. A. R. Claytor of North Fourth street.

A CAMOUFLAGED WILL.
An old fellow on his death bed, in making his will, murmured to his lawyer: "And to each of my employees who have been with me twenty years or more I bequeath \$2,000."

"Holy smoke! What generosity!" the lawyer exclaimed.

"No not at all," said the sick man. "You see, none of them have been with me over a year; but it will look good in the papers, won't it?"—Liverpool Post.

'SUFFRAGE LEADER' IS SHELL MAKER



Mrs. Florence Bayard Hilles.

"Liberty Day" was celebrated in a most unusual and patriotic manner by Mrs. Florence Bayard Hilles, suffrage leader and daughter of the late Ambassador Thomas F. Bayard. Considering it a patriotic duty for women physically fit to replace men for service in the army and navy and make America's part in the war doubly effective, Mrs. Hilles began working on "Liberty Day" in the press room of the Bethlehem Steel Company at Newcastle. According to her statement, she will continue her Liberty loan and suffrage campaigns in the evenings after her eight-hour day is over.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY
WANTED.
Elderly lady to make home with elderly lady. Call Newark Fish Market. 5-5-21.

LOST. Finder please leave at Advocate office. 5-6-21.

LOST. Cash, receipts, perfume, small mirror. Finder please return to Advocate. Reward. 5-6-21.

Certain-teed

Roofing

The roof that copes with all conditions.

Sparks, smoke, gases, acids or fumes have no effect on a Certain-teed roof. Rust cannot corrode Certain-teed. The heat of the sun cannot cause it to melt or run. Certain-teed has the ability to resist every form of roofing attack, and the durability to give year after year of weather proof service, with little or no maintenance cost. Certain-teed offers every practical roofing advantage with a minimum roofing investment.

In every town, city and section you will find Certain-teed. Everywhere Certain-teed is chosen for buildings of all types and sizes,

for factories, round houses, elevators, garages, warehouses, hotels, farm buildings, stores, outbuildings, etc.

In artistic red or green shingles, Certain-teed is very popular for residences.

Guaranteed 5, 10 or 15 years, according to thickness. Certain-teed costs less than any other type of roof—first cost and laying cost low, and maintenance practically nothing. Certain-teed is more economical than ordinary roll roofing, because it costs no more to lay and lasts much longer.

Certain-teed Products Corporation
Offices and Warehouses in the Principal Cities of America
Manufacturers of
Certain-teed Paints—Varnishes—Roofing



WE ARE EXCLUSIVE AGENTS

The R. B. White Lumber Co.

CLINTON STREET, NORTH OF SQUARE.

BOTH PHONES.

LIVING SKELETON HAD SPASMS EVERY AFTERNOON NOW WELL

If any person on earth enjoys living, it is Mrs. Martha Howlett, of Detroit, Mich. Catarrh had undermined her health, affected her stomach and bowels. She became a living skeleton, was a nervous wreck and had spasms every afternoon for seven years. Doctors administered opiates to ease her pain. Finally she was induced to try Hull's Superlative. Her story will interest you—read it: "Thank God I was saved! Two weeks after I began taking Hull's Superlative I began taking short walks and in five months was the picture of health. Today I feel like a girl of twenty years, and during the last few years I have been teaching dancing lessons in the cities of New York, Chicago and Detroit."

Hull's Superlative accomplished wonders for Mrs. Howlett. It has helped thousands and should do so much for you. This famous medicine is prepared from roots, bark and one berry. It is nature's great assistant and is invaluable in colds, grip, tonsillitis, rheumatism, dropsy, stomach, kidney, liver and bladder troubles, paralysis, etc.

Hull's Superlative is sold by all druggists on a positive money-back guarantee, and any man or woman who is sick or ailing—no matter what the condition or how serious—should lose no time in taking this preparation, for if it does not help you your money will be returned.—Advertisement.

Milady's Boudoir

Green Liquid Soap.
Green liquid soap, which is recommended by experts for fine skins or for skins that have the pores extended, can be made at home. Take equal parts of glycerine, water, alcohol and green castile soap. Shake the soap in to the water and stir over the fire until the mixture is smooth. Add the glycerine and lastly the alcohol. After the kettle is removed from the fire. Add a teaspoon of eau de cologne as a perfume if desired.

Adults as well as children, suffer from prickly heat in summer. Take warm bath frequently and dust the skin with lycopodium powder. Pulverized starch is also good, or bathe with this lotion: Powdered bexar six drams and rose water six ounces.

It does not matter what time you go to bed so long as you have a regular hour and stick to it. The old saying that an hour of sleep before midnight is worth two after, is not literally true, but it has much in it. The early hours of sleep are worth more than the later. The person who is healthy goes to bed at about the same time every night, and it does not make a great deal of difference whether it be 9 o'clock at night or 3 in the morning, so long as you have a full eight hours of sleep.

Here is a good way to perfume your handkerchiefs and muslin underwear. Supply the washwoman with a good sized piece of orris root which she is to throw into the water in which your handkerchiefs are boiling. When they come back to you from ironing they will be redolent of orris root. Violet and orris root together make a real violet odor.

Hands and lips that crack easily can be kept in the best condition if anointed nightly with a lotion made of equal parts of glycerine and lemon juice. Some prefer glycerine, rose-

water and benzoin, and for dry skins it is a little better than the other remedy. Camphor ice is also cooling for chapped lips and hands. You must take care to dry the hands thoroughly after washing them and not to wet the lips when in the open air.

Our Boys and Girls

Teach your child how to place his feet correctly from the moment he takes his first step. Then be most careful in the selection of his shoes. Allow the baby in long clothes to go barefooted unless you note that his feet are inclined to be cold. In this case it is wise to cover his feet with little knitted socks.

Let the first shoes be on the order of the Indian moccasins, and as the foot grows, it should be fitted from tracings. Have the child stand upon a piece of paper and trace the outlines of the foot with a pencil.

Use this as a guide when buying his shoes and you will never make the mistake of getting them too small or ill fitting. In winter provide high lace shoes as they can be adapted to the size of the foot better than buttoned ones. Never draw the shoe laces too tight as that will impair the circulation.

Every Day Etiquette

"When the first course at dinner is soup, should it be on the table before the guests are seated?" asked Marie. "No, the maid may serve the soup from the kitchen, or the hostess may serve it from a soup tureen," said her aunt.

ASK YOURSELF ABOUT YOUR MEALS.

1. Do they use other starchy food instead of wheat?
2. Are potatoes generously represented in them?
3. Do they contain local produce so that the burden on the railroads may be relieved?
4. Are they as easy to prepare as possible?
5. Are such of the five food groups represented every day? The five food groups are: fruits and vegetables; meats and meat substitutes; grains and other starch foods; sugars and sweets; fats.
6. Have you provided plenty of whole milk for the children?
7. You are not forgetting cheese?

Breakfast
Fresh fruit
Cornmeal mush and milk
(Try heating it with a Dover egg beater.)

Lunch
Hashed Brown Potatoes Eggs

Dinner
Baked sweet potatoes
Hominy and cheese
Lettuce, radishes and cucumbers in salad
Creamy tapioca pudding

Supper
Vegetable soup
Mutton roast Creamy mashed potatoes

NO BREAD
Water cress salad
Canned peaches Barley cake

Barley Spice Cake.
Half a cup fat, 2-3 cup sugar, 1 cup corn syrup, 6 teaspoons baking powder, 1-4 teaspoon salt, 1 teaspoon cinnamon, 2 eggs, 3-4 cup milk, 1 teaspoon vanilla, 1-2 teaspoon ginger, 1-2 teaspoon cloves, 1 teaspoon allspice, 3-4 cups barley flour, 1 cup raisins.

Cream the fat, sugar, and egg yolks. Add the syrup and mix well. Add alternately the liquid, and the dry ingredients sifted together. Add the flavoring and fold in the well beaten egg whites. Bake for one hour in a moderate oven.

The United States Food Administration Says

Be your own policeman! Watch yourself; regulate your own conduct. The household next door may not be observing the rules because of carelessness or ignorance. A friendly word from you may set right. And don't be bashful about it!

What is your score this week? How much wheat are you saving as compared with a year ago?

Quality Shoes

When you feel like treating your feet to a particularly good pair of shoes we would welcome the privilege of showing to you our spring line of

Shoes, Pumps and Oxfords.

JONES & WESSON

NEXT TO Y. M. C. A.

Put Your Starting Battery Problem Up to Us

We have the solution. Ask us about our free testing service—it's insurance against many battery troubles.

SPILLMAN'S GARAGE
53 SOUTH THIRD ST.

Don't take Quinine and make your ears roar, your head hot and heavy and your stomach sick.

Take Morse's Laxa-Pirin and get the benefit of **ASPIRIN, CAFFEINE, GELSEMIUM**, etc., in combination with pleasant laxatives.

Different from all other LAGRIPE, COLD and HEADACHE remedies. A trial will convince.

See Sale at HALL'S DRUG STORE.

LESTER N. BRADLEY
Successor to Baxter & Bradley

Funeral Director
27-29 NORTH FOURTH ST.
Auto Phone 1919 — Bell Phone 150

JOSEPH RENZ
NOTARY PUBLIC, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

Office over Gleitsch's Furniture Store, W. Main St. Needs and Mortgages Written. All business entrusted to me will be promptly and carefully attended to.

NOTICE TO PATRONS

When you do not receive your Daily Advocate please call Auto Phone 23126 between the hours of 6:30 and 7:00 O'CLOCK IN THE EVENING

When you want your paper changed from one street to another call Auto Phone 23126 between 8:00 O'CLOCK IN THE MORNING and 5:00 O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON

Always call this number between the hours given above and you will find some one in the office to take care of the Circulation.

F. B. ELDRIDGE, Circulation Manager.

4-26-d-1mo

MASONIC TEMPLE

Corner Church and Fourth Sts.

CALENDAR

Newark Lodge, No. 97, F. & A. M.

Friday, May 10, 7 p. m. E. A.

Friday, May 17, 7 p. m. M. M.

Friday, June 7, 7:30 p. m. Stated.

Acme Lodge, No. 554, F. & A. M.

St. Luke's Commandery, No. 34, K. T.

Wednesday, May 15, Red Cross.

Wednesday, May 22, Order of the Temple.

Crystal Spring Water. It is pure.

All bottles cleaned daily. Phone for sample. Auto 3250. Bower & Bower.

1-24-tf

PLANT

Sweet Peas

Grass Seed

Onion Sets

All kinds Garden and Flower Seed.

KENT SEED STORE

20 West Church

3-15-tf

Chamois skins and Sponges that are worth while at Smith's Drug Store.

Callender Cleans Clothes Clean.

1-5-tf

THORNVILLE BUS

Daily Except Sunday.

Leave Thornville 8:00 and 11:50 a. m.

Leave Newark 11:00 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

Saturday Night Trip.

Leave Thornville, 5:30 p. m.

Leave Newark 10:00 p. m.

2-13-d-tf

O. M. EAGLE.

Trusses, Abdominal supports and elastic hosiery at Smith's Drug Store.

Special.

Tomato plants in bloom at The Arcade Florist.

4-27-tf

Call R. B. Haynes, motor trucks for local and long distance moving; reliable men furnished. Phone 6226; 568 West Main st.

4-4-tf

ATTENTION.

Herman Hart the bargain man has moved his market stand from the old market to Second street in front of Charles P. O'Neill's restaurant. Bargains at all times.

5-3-8t

The finest Player-Piano ever produced, \$395. Uprights, \$250, upward; \$5 each pay-day. T. W. Leah, 89 South Third street. Phonograph department in connection. 3-4-3*

NOTICE.

A city teachers' examination will be held in the high school building, Saturday, May 25, beginning at 7:30 in the morning. (Signed) Wilson Hawkins, Clerk of City Board of Examiners. 5-2-thurs-mon-4t may 25

Pipes and Smokers supplies at Smith's Drug Store.

Green Dry Cleaner and Hatter. 11-17-d-tf

Notice.

The Newark Warehouse and Storage company will hold a public sale of all unclaimed and uncalled for freight at their warehouses South Second street and Railroad, June 1, 1918 at 1:30 p. m. 5-6-22t

For good Domestic Lump Coal Call

Black Beauty Coal Co.

Auto 6624 Bell 831-X

5-6-eod-6t

Dance Wednesday evening, May 8, Central City. 5-6-d-3t

Did you notice those bare spots in your lawn? Loosen the soil and sow lawn seed now for a nice appearance this summer. Sow Osburn's Seeds. 14-16 E. Church street. 5-6-3t

C. S. OSBURN & CO. are selling onion sets at 10c each, while they last. 5-6-3t

Read Advocate Want Ads Tonight.

NO ADVANCE IN PRICE

SORE THROAT

or Tonsillitis—gargle with warm, salt water then apply—

VICKS VAPORUB

25c—50c—\$1.00

BUMMAGE SALE

Trinity parish house, Thurs-

day, Friday, Saturday and Sat-

urday evening, May, 9, 10, 11.

5-6-3t

Attending Conference.

J. R. Borring, North Fourth street,

chief traveling timekeeper of the

B. & O. railroad, returned to Wash-

ington today for a conference with

officials regarding the proposed rail-

road force-increase.

Entire Force Contributes.

Philip Jones, manager of the

Buckeye Rolling mill plant, West

Newark, announced today that he

had signed up his entire force of em-

ployees for the first to the thirty-first

movement for the approaching May

chest drive to be inaugurated May

20. Mr. Jones believes in prepared-

ness and his action will make it much

easier for the solicitors.

Home for Few Days.

Lieutenant Owen Claytor, son of

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Claytor, North

Fourth street, is spending a few days

at his home. Lieut. Claytor is with

the detail department of the United

States navy and had been sent to

New York preparatory to leaving for

France. However, he was given a

short furlough and will return east

the latter part of the week, and ex-

pects to embark shortly after that.

W. C. T. U. Notice.

The Frances Willard W. C. T. U.

will meet at 2 o'clock, Tuesday after-

noon, at the Neal Avenue M. E.

church. A medical temperance pro-

gram will be given under the direc-

tion of Mrs. Crooks.

At Camp Sherman.

Everett Ramey Moore, formerly of

Seroco avenue, this city, is now sta-

tioned at Camp Sherman and his ad-

dress is: Everett Ramey Moore, Co.

D, 331st Regiment of Infantry, Camp

Sherman, Ohio.

Injured in Collision.

What might have been a serious

accident occurred yesterday after-

noon about 1 o'clock when a motor-

cycle collided with the Hudson ave-

nuce bus at the corner of Hudson

avenue and North street. The young

man on the motorcycle had his face

badly cut but otherwise escaped serious

injuries.

Enlisted in Navy.

Frank Mullen, a resident of this

city, lately employed at the Wool-

worth store, after passing a success-

ful examination at Cincinnati, last

week, left Sunday to enter the

Naval Training School at Camp

Logan, Zion City, Ill.

Seed Corn.

I have been notified by the Ohio

State University that all orders for

seed corn can still be filled with

good, clean, ungraded shelled corn,

testing around 90 per cent, at \$5.15

per bushel, f. o. b. Toledo. This

corn will be expressed to me upon

receipt of the cash. All orders sent

me for such corn should be accom-

panied with cash. The longer your

order is delayed the later it will be

before the corn can be gotten. Please

order at once. L. L. Mowls, county

agricultural agent.

Gets a Furlough.

Ralph Brumbaugh, 324th H. F. A.,

Battery B, Camp Sherman, arrived

home last night and will spend a

five-day furlough in this city.

Removed to City Hospital.

Frank Beebe was removed from

C. and have been recommended for

a commission as second lieutenant at

Sergeant Ewing T. Webb, 311 Gran-

ville road, Newark. Sergeant Webb

is the son of Mr. and Mrs. William

Webb.

Home From Cuba.

Joseph Dwyer, son of Probation

Officer John Dwyer, North Fourth

street, is spending a 10-day fur-

lough at his home. He recently en-

listed in the navy and has just re-

turned from a trip to Cuba on the

Zuidijk, a reconstructed German

vessel. Mr. Dwyer is a first-class

seaman.

Arrives in France.

A card has been received telling

of the safe arrival in France of

Lieutenant Charles J. Roach, son of

Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Roach of Zane-

ville, but formerly of this city.

Lieutenant Roach is in charge of a

medical unit.

Birth Announcement.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Frye, 528 East

Main street, announce the birth of a

daughter, Gladys Marie, Monday

morning, May 6.

Taken to Home.

Mrs. Wise was removed from the

City hospital, Sunday, in the Brad-

ley ambulance to her home in the

Welsh Hills.

Taken to North of City.

Edna Weisant was taken from the

City hospital on Sunday in the Brad-

ley ambulance to her home, north of

the city.

Removed to Hospital.

Lorena Larabee was removed from

her home, east of the city, in the

Bradley ambulance this morning to

the City hospital.

GERMANY THREATENS

REPRISALS FOR THE

COLLINSVILLE AFFAIR

(ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAM)

Amsterdam, May 6.—The lynching

at Collinsville, Ill., last month of

Robert P. Prager, a German, who

was accused by the mob which

hanged him of disloyalty has infuri-

ated German editors. The Zeitung

Am Mittag of Berlin calls upon the

German government to make strong

representations to Washington, re-

minding the American government

that Germany holds a number of

American prisoners upon which re-

prisals might be taken "so as to pre-

vent lynching of Germans in America

from becoming a fashionable sport."

SPLENDID WORK

OF PATROLMEN IN

PARKING MACHINES

The police department is being

congratulated on the excellent order

which prevailed at the big flag rais-

ing in North Fourth street yesterday

and the dispatch with which the vast

amount of machines were handled.

Chief Sheridan and Officers Hing-

er, Hurlbath and Couch were on the

scene and every car was made to park

and they were allowed but a certain

space for parking. This permitted a

large clearing in front of the fire sta-

tion, and the crowds and traffic were

well cared for.

SPEEDER FINED

IN POLICE COURT

George Barrick, 25, of Columbus,

was arrested Sunday afternoon for

speeding in Granville street. Barrick

was driving a Cole eight at top speed

and drew a fine of \$10 and costs for

his recklessness.

David Wheeler was drunk and was

arrested on the complaint of his wife.

He was given \$5 and costs this morn-

ing in police court. Henry Hoover

who says he lives in Mattoon, Ill., and

gave his occupation as a painter was

fined \$5 and costs on two charges,

NO PROGRESS BY THE

GERMAN PEACE AGENT

London, May 6.—Foreign Secre-

tary Balfour told the house of com-

mons today that no peace offer had

been made recently by the enemy.

He added:

"There is no representative of a

neutral nation in this country who

has made tentative or informal sug-

gestions of peace negotiations.

Germany's peace emissary, ac-

cording to the Daily Mail, has been

busily working here but has made no

progress in any direction. There is

difficulties, however, it says, that the

German agent, who has been report-

ed to

Specials In Fine Silks

For those who shop this week. The call to economy will induce many to make their own garments this season, as well as take advantage of such special prices as are given on these new silks, so suitable for spring and summer wear.

SPECIAL SALE OF WIDE FANCY SILKS \$1.50 YD.

All new and a beautiful assortment of fancy stripes in a 36 inch silk. These will make very stylish suits or separate skirts for summer wear. Among the colors are black, navy, brown, rose, tan with many odd stripes of white or mixed shades. The quality usually sold at \$1.75 and \$2.00 which is marked special at \$1.50 yard

SPECIAL SALE OF CREPE DE CHINE \$1.25 YD.

Another opportunity to save money. Crepe de chine is a perennial favorite for dresses and waists, and the delicate shades make dainty pieces of underwear.

A big range of shades to select from, in delicate shades for evening wear, and the more staple shades for street wear. 40 inches wide, and the quality we usually retail at \$1.50 marked special at \$1.25

AN EARLY SALE OF COVER-ALL APRONS 88c EACH

These are made of a nice quality percale, in both light and dark grounds. Low neck and short sleeves, styles that open either in front or down the back. Nicely made and finished with a belt across the back. Special price 88c each

W. H. Mazy Company

ELK LODGE WILL PARTICIPATE IN WAR CHEST DRIVE

There will be an important meeting of the Elk Lodge Tuesday evening and it is earnestly requested that all Elks in the city be present as arrangements are to be made to assist in the approaching War Chest drive. The lodge has tendered its service to the committee having the campaign in charge and the later accepted same and it will be up to the lodge members to put forth every effort to make Elk day and night a rousing success.

At the meeting Tuesday committees will be appointed and a tentative program arranged. Several special features are in contemplation and each individual member will be expected to put forth his best efforts to make it a grand success. There will be no slackers, that is a foregone conclusion, and with favorable weather Elk day will prove one of the many features which are in contemplation by the committee having the War Chest drive in charge. Steward Billy Hohl will provide a buffet luncheon after the business meeting.

HAD CHARGE OF CAMPAIGN FOR LIBERTY LOAN

Many residents of this city will remember Charles Sowersby, a former resident of this city, who left here about sixteen years ago and is now pleasantly situated at Riddle, Oregon, where he operates a large fruit garden and is meeting with splendid success, being one of the large fruit growers of that western state.

Mr. Sowersby had charge of the third Liberty Loan campaign in his district and through his organization and hustling qualities went over the top in two days, and greatly exceeded the quota. While a resident of Newark, Mr. Sowersby was an official of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad.

BIRD OBSERVATION HIKE WAS ENJOYED BY Y. M. C. A. BOYS

Following the invitation given all the school boys to join in a "bird observation" hike, the Y. M. C. A. took a large group of boys on an all day hike Saturday. The day was perfect, and the birds obliging; several robins were seen on their nests, and one mourning dove sat serenely quiet on her nest until the camera was about ready, when she became suddenly shy and left.

This is a busy time for the birds, raising next year's crop of birds, and those who are interested in our feathered friends should get out doors and keep their eyes open. Catbirds, warblers, wrens, thrushes, all are here and hard at work preparing to put a plaster on the Kaiser's eye by eating the bugs and saving the crops.

Physical Director Allen appeared in a new role, that of snake charmer, while Secretary Lender displayed a large ignorance of bird nature by making unsuccessful attempts to get close enough to the nests to snap a picture; in each case Mrs. Bird left abruptly.

After the hike the boys plunged into the Y pool and reverted to the aquatic state from which some say we emerged long ago ago. The pool is coming into popularity as the summer days draw nigh. Football, basketball, baseball, all have their season of popularity, but none of the outdoor sports can ever boast the place that the "old swimmin' hole" has in the hearts of boys everywhere. They throw their bodies into its cool depths with all the fervor and confidence that Riley put into his song about it. And who, having once tasted this earthly bliss, would pass up a chance at the old swimming hole after the day's "hike"?

MADE SPLENDID SHOWING IN THE LIBERTY LOAN

Chairman A. Weaver of the Newton township committee of the war work reported Saturday on the total amount of Liberty loan subscriptions in his township. The quota for the township was \$21,000 and the committee, without bank credits, sold \$24,950 in bonds. Of this amount the village of St. Louisville has credited for \$8950. St. Louisville's quota alone was \$2000.

The war chest drive, Mr. Weaver assures, will be just as thorough and the township and the village will make just as good a showing as it did in the Liberty loan campaign.

The men on Mr. Weaver's team are Fred Scenbaugh, Charles Walton, Alfred Stout, Prof. Buell, Wesley Dunlap, Frank Blinn, Mr. Griffith, Fred Sheets, Amos Horner, John Blinn, Ray McWilliams, W. W. Miller, Kinderhook and John Lambert.

Whistler once undertook to get a fellow artist's work into the autumn salon. He succeeded, and the picture was hung. But the painter, going to see his masterpiece with Whistler on vanishing day, uttered an exclamation of dismay.

"Good Heavens!" he cried, "you're exhibiting my picture upside down." "Hush!" said Whistler. "The committee refused it the other way." —Boston Transcript.

Do You Realize That You Buy Rugs and Carpets AT LESS THAN PRESENT MILL PRICES DURING OUR BIG RUG SALE ANY DAY THIS WEEK

LAY AWAY PLAN
Again we state that if you are not ready for anything in the carpet section, pick out what you want, make a deposit and have it laid away until wanted.

Rugs Selling For Less Than Present Mill Prices---



SILK RAG RUGS FOR \$1.75

Size 27x54 inch good heavy cotton warp and filler of silk rugs, in pretty hit and miss patterns; very desirable these days for bedroom and even bath. \$1.75 sale price only

WASHABLE BATH RUGS FOR \$2.25

Big line of washable bath room rugs, come in pretty blue and grey combinations; extra values for the big rug sale at only \$2.25

HIGH GRADE AXMINSTER RUGS FOR \$29.95

Buy rugs now—buy them this week for next week they may be gone—at this price. These rugs are the kind of rugs you always choose for the best room in your home—the colorings of designs and the long wearing qualities make them universally chosen—while they last at less than mill price \$29.95 today—good line of patterns at only \$29.95

EXTRA HEAVY BRUSSELS RUGS FOR \$24.95

Seamless brussels rug, closely woven from fine wool yarns, dyed in skein; beautiful assortment of the new spring patterns which we bought last fall at the big Smith rug sale at New York City; 9x12 ft. in size; hold their colors and give extra hard wear, the sole price only \$24.95

ROYAL TURKISH RUGS FOR \$14.50

Size 36x63 inches. These rugs are exact copies of the imported Oriental rugs; copies in designs, softness of colorings and weight and weaves. So real are they that it would take a rug expert to tell them from the hand woven. Ask for Royal Turkish \$14.50 Rugs; this size for only \$14.50

Carpets and Curtains

HEAVY INGRAIN CARPETS FOR, YD., 90c
36 inch wide, extra heavy, closely woven ingrain carpets in a splendid line of new spring patterns—while these carpets will give good hard wear and hold their colors they are not all wool these times; but the best carpet values for the 90c price today, at yard

BEAUTIFUL MARQUETTE CURTAINS \$2.25
These curtains are 2 1/2 yards in length; they are nicely made up from a fine silk finished plain marquette and trimmed pretty face edges of different patterns; very desirable for most any room in your home; all ready to hang \$2.25 at, pair

CURTAIN SCRIMS FOR, YARD, 12 1/2c
36 inch wide fancy double bordered curtain scrims; choice patterns, several hundred yards for this sale, at less than actual mill prices today, at yard 12 1/2c

SUNFAST MADRAS AT, YARD, 75c
Good heavy weight Sunfast Madras for overdrapes and portieres in nice assortment of patterns and soft colorings; sale price, 75c yard, only

COUCH COVERS AT \$1.95
A nice splendid weight couch cover at a very low price today when you take into consideration the situation of the cotton market; these couch covers are extraordinary values at \$1.95 only

To Lighten the Labors of the House Work Get An Easy Running Sweeper Vac-Vacuum Carpet Sweeper at \$6.00, \$8.00 or \$10.00

Three different prices buy one machine, the only difference is in the finish; the scientific cleaning principle is the same in the three styles; roller bearing, easy running, getting all dirt, dust, threads and ravelings at one time and made by one of the largest manufacturers in America; get yours before the prices advance at \$6.00, \$8.00 or \$10.00

Neponset Linoleums at, Sq. Yd. 45c

Two yards wide heavy Neponset linoleums—when they are on your floor you or anyone can't tell them from the real oil and cork linoleums—as they wear and look the part—the only difference in the cost which is a big saving to you; you better look at them this week at the price, sq. yd. 45c

Kirsch Curtain Rods For 25c and 50c

There are so many good features of the Kirsch curtain rods that it is impossible to tell you all them—they are adjustable—will not tarnish, crack or peel.

RODS AT 25c

This is the single rod that adjusts long enough for regular size window; comes in beautiful satin brass finish at 25c only

RODS AT 50c

This rod is made of the same material as the 25c rod, but is two rods or double rods for using overdrapes at 50c

O'CEDAR POLISH MOPS FOR \$1.00

These mops save you hours of work; take up all dust on your floors and polish at the same time; full standard size, genuine O'cedar Mops for only \$1.00

O'CEDAR OILS FOR ANY KIND OF MOPS

The 50c size bottle at only 32c
The 25c size bottle at only 16c



Meyer & Lindorf
NEWARK, OHIO.
East Side of Public Square

PREMIUM LIST REVISED BY THE FAIR DIRECTORS

The members of the Licking county agricultural board met Saturday in their room in the basement of the court house and transacted a great deal of business pertaining to the approaching fair to be held Sept. 10-13, chief of which was the revision of the premium list.

It will be of interest to the poultry fanciers of the county to learn that the board has raised the premiums in all classes to 75 cents for first and 50 cents for second premium, for all breeds recognized by the American Standard of Perfection, except bantams and game bantams, which will be 50 cents for first and 25 cents for second. Turkeys and water fowl shown singly 75 cents first and 50 cents second. Best pen in American, Asiatic and Mediterranean classes, first, \$3; second \$2; birds shown by any one exhibitor to be all the same variety.

For the best display of bantams first, \$1.50; second, \$1. The utility class will be confined to owners of not more than two breeds. All classes of same breed to be shown together. An entry fee of 25 cents per pen will be charged. In this class a first premium of \$2 will be paid for pens of 25 birds. Plymouth Rocks, Leghorns, Orpingtons and Rhode Island Reds. The second premium for pens will be \$1. Entries in the poultry department will close Saturday night, Sept. 7, and the American Standard of Excellence, as revised by the American Poultry Association, will be the guide for the judges in awarding the premiums.

The board appropriated \$250 for school exhibits. A new building will house the exhibits this year and as they are always one of the principal attractions at county fairs an effort will be made to have it larger and better this year. County School Superintendent N. D. O. Wilson will cooperate with the board and he will have the assistance of his loyal district superintendents who always take a great interest in the exhibits of the schools under their immediate supervision. Secretary Harry D. Hale was authorized to contract for the printing at an early date and the members of the board will see to it individually that it is properly placed all over the surrounding country. The citizens of Licking and adjoining counties are assured one of the best fairs this year which has ever been held in Central Ohio and all the board members will work hard to bring about that result.

Large Crowd Was IN ATTENDANCE AT FLAG DEDICATION

A large service flag bearing eighteen stars, one for each Eagle from Licking Aerie, Fraternal Order of Eagles, was unfurled at the Knights of Pythias Hall Sunday afternoon when the lodge dedicated their service flag and honored their members in the service of the United States.

The men for the lodge who are fighting for their country are: Joseph W. Steopler, Jordan D. Roller, Joseph M. Rohan, Jerome L. Christman, Henry J. Swartz, Earl A. Rarick, Martin J. Mills, Leslie B. Owen, John T. Mills, Lawrence Green, John A. Pieri, Edgar F. Couch, Richard C. Shide, Thomas J. Flinn, George R. Rohan, and Lawrence Pfeiffer.

The parade formed at 2 o'clock at the Pythian Castle, headed by the Buckeye Band, and the members of the lodge. It circled the square and went north on Church street to Fourth and around the south side of the square back to the hall.

Fields' orchestra furnished a delightful program of patriotic music and a patriotic address, touching on the absence of the members who had given their all for their country was made by Attorney James R. Fitzgibbon.

A recitation pertinent to the occasion was given by James R. Cooper and Dr. H. H. Baker, gave an excellent address, his talk concluding the service.

NURSING MOTHER GREATLY HELPED BY NERV-WORTH

Her Sickly Baby Also Wonderfully Benefitted by the Medicine.

Nursing mothers should read with great care the following statement, also the parents of sickly children, for Nerv-Worth is wonderfully beneficial when given to the little ones:

"I was in such a miserable condition that I could not sleep. Got up in the morning feeling tired and not rested. Was all run down, weak and extremely nervous. Had severe pains in my back. Was nursing my baby and did not feel strong enough for the task. Was uneasy as to whether I could supply enough nourishment for it. After using one bottle of Nerv-Worth I found I was gaining strength; was sleeping and resting well, eating and enjoying my food and no trouble with digestion. My baby is strong and healthy and I notice a great improvement in its bowels which are now regular and healthy. I consider Nerv-Worth one of the greatest remedies I have ever used and especially for women in my condition. I cheerfully recommend it. I am now taking my second bottle and will keep Nerv-Worth in my home."

"MRS. J. H. SCANLON,
"322 School St., Butler, Pa."
Your dollar back at the T. J. Evans Drug store, Newark, if Nerv-Worth does not help YOU.
At Hebron, the Hebron Drug store sells Nerv-Worth; at Ulica, the Ulica Drug store; at Granville, W. P. Uiman, and at Johnstown, C. S. Howard.—(Adv.) 3-3-6

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.
Estate of Emily Thomas, deceased. Abraham L. Thomas has been duly appointed and qualified administrator of the estate of Emily Thomas, late of Licking county, Ohio.
Dated this 27th day of April, 1918.
ROBBINS HUNTER,
Probate Judge.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.
Estate of Richard Rogers, deceased. Everett H. Ronnells has been duly appointed and qualified administrator of the estate of Richard Rogers, late of Licking county, Ohio.
Dated this 12th day of April, 1918.
ROBBINS HUNTER,
Probate Judge.

Are You Equipped to Win Success?

Here is your opportunity to insure against embarrassing errors in spelling, pronunciation and poor choice of words. Know the meaning of puzzling war terms. Increase your efficiency, which results in power and success.

WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL

DICTIONARY is an all-knowing teacher, a universal question answerer, ready to meet your needs. It is in daily use by hundreds of thousands of successful men and women the world over. 400,000 Words, 2700 Pages, 6000 Illustrations, 22,000 Etymological Entries, 20,000 Geographical Subjects.

GRAND PRIZE (Highest Award) Panama-Pacific Exposition. **RESEAL and INDIA-PAPER Edition.** WRITE for Specimen Pages FREE. Pocket Maps and name this paper. **C. & C. MERRIAM CO.,** Springfield, Mass., U. S. A.



SIMPSON Garage & Machine Co.

Presi-O-Lite Battery

Service Station

Welding — Brazing

Radiator Repairs

General Overhauling

SIMPSON

Garage & Machine Co.

205 WEST MAIN STREET
Phone 1365